# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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### **Financial Section**



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Town Council
Town of Montville, Connecticut

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Montville, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Montville, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Montville, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town of Montville, Connecticut, adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the Town of Montville, Connecticut, reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Montville, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Town Council
Town of Montville, Connecticut

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 28, 2022 on our consideration of the Town of Montville, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Montville, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Montville, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut April 28, 2022

The management of the Town of Montville, Connecticut (the "Town"), offers the readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
  of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$143,457,142 (net position). Of this amount,
  \$17,531,480 represents unrestricted net position. Of this amount, \$10,837,020 represents the
  unrestricted net position attributed to the operations of the Town's Sewer and Water Departments
  (business-type activities) and \$6,694,460 represents the unrestricted net position attributed to the
  Town's governmental activities.
- The Town's total net position increased by \$1,719,432 during the current fiscal year, which consisted of a current year increase of \$2,529,034 (Exhibit II) relating to the Town's governmental activities and a decrease of \$809,602 relating to the Town's business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$22,614,238, a current year increase of \$5,317,604 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,463,499 or 18.9% of general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- Overall Town debt, consisting of bonds, notes and capital leases payable, decreased by \$324,284 or 1.3% in comparison to the prior year. This decrease was due to current year scheduled payments.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities, with net position as the residual of these elements. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements are intended to distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include activities such as: general government, public works, public safety, health and welfare, recreation and leisure and education. The business-type activities of the Town include sewer and water activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibit I and II of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. There are no fiduciary fund to report in the current year.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Bonded Projects Fund and American Rescue Plan Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibit III and IV of this report.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government- wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer and water operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses an internal service fund to account for its risk management activities. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits V, VI and VII of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 57 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and other supplementary information which can be found on pages 58 through 84 of this report, respectively.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Town of Montville, Connecticut, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded by \$143,465,791 at the close of the fiscal year.

### NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 and 2020

	_	Governmental Activities				Busine: Activ		••	_	Total				
	_	2021	_	2020	. <u> </u>	2021		2020	_	2021	_	2020		
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of	\$	33,977,756	\$	24,719,554	\$	13,558,688	\$	13,557,598	\$	47,536,444	\$	38,277,152		
accumulated depreciation		97,501,911		98,525,693		48,159,372		48,820,168		145,661,283		147,345,861		
Total assets	-	131,479,667	_	123,245,247	_	61,718,060	-	62,377,766	_	193,197,727	_	185,623,013		
Deferred outflows of resources	s <u>-</u>	8,310,481	_	9,039,302	. <u> </u>	1,009,050		1,100,110	_	9,319,531		10,139,412		
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities		11,321,019		8,032,886		605,746		642,438		11,926,765		8,675,324		
outstanding		39,948,909		39,879,331		3,881,007		3,902,859		43,829,916		43,782,190		
Total liabilities	-	51,269,928	_	47,912,217	_	4,486,753	-	4,545,297	_	55,756,681	_	52,457,514		
Deferred inflows of resources	-	2,965,178	_	2,137,992		338,257	-	220,877	_	3,303,435	_	2,358,869		
Net Position: Net investments in														
capital assets		77,926,330		75,261,351		47,065,080		47,601,139		124,991,410		122,862,490		
Restricted		934,252		-						934,252		-		
Unrestricted	-	6,694,460	_	6,972,989		10,837,020		11,110,563	_	17,531,480	_	18,083,552		
Total Net Position	\$	85,555,042	\$_	82,234,340	\$	57,902,100	\$	58,711,702	\$_	143,457,142	\$_	140,946,042		

As of June 30, 2021, 87% of the Town's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remainder of the Town's net position is considered unrestricted.

Overall, net position increased by \$1,728,081 in comparison with the prior year.

#### **Changes in Net Position**

Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 are as follows. Reclassifications have been made to the amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2020 to conform with the current year presentation.

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 and 2020

		mental vities	Busines Activ	• •	Tota	al
•	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services \$	3,265,649	\$ 4,187,116 \$	6,005,130 \$	6,099,731 \$	9,270,779 \$	10,286,847
Operating grants and contributions	28,088,696	23,851,977			28,088,696	23,851,977
Capital grants and contributions	458,568	1,405,925	300,457	299,176	759,025	1,705,101
General revenues:						
Property taxes	43,447,723	41,763,499			43,447,723	41,763,499
Grants not restricted to specific programs	3,194,212	3,148,730			3,194,212	3,148,730
Unrestricted investment earnings	128,565	286,465	23,808	93,525	152,373	379,990
Miscellaneous revenue	146,725	117,565			146,725	117,565
Total revenues	78,730,138	74,761,277	6,329,395	6,492,432	85,059,533	81,253,709
Expenses:						
General government	8,564,632	8,541,957			8,564,632	8,541,957
Public safety	6,292,378	6,530,008			6,292,378	6,530,008
Public w orks	5,405,740	4,497,053			5,405,740	4,497,053
Health and welfare	426,589	362,235			426,589	362,235
Recreation and leisure	487,536	487,698			487,536	487,698
Education	54,719,603	50,305,236			54,719,603	50,305,236
Interest and fiscal charges	304,626	736,127			304,626	736,127
Sew er department			5,819,281	6,190,713	5,819,281	6,190,713
Water department			1,319,716	1,580,233	1,319,716	1,580,233
Total expenses	76,201,104	71,460,314	7,138,997	7,770,946	83,340,101	79,231,260
Change in net position	2,529,034	3,300,963	(809,602)	(1,278,514)	1,719,432	2,022,449
Net Position at Beginning of Year	82,234,340	78,933,377	58,711,702	59,990,216	140,946,042	138,923,593
Restatement	791,668				791,668	-
Net Position at End of Year \$	85,555,042	\$ 82,234,340 \$	57,902,100	58,711,702 \$	143,457,142 \$	140,946,042

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by a current year change of \$2,529,034. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in grants and tax revenue along with an increase in capital assets.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by a current year change of \$809,602. The current year decrease is primarily attributable to an increase in expenditures for chemical and an increase in pension costs.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$22,614,238.

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,463,499. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.9% of general fund expenditures and transfers out.

The overall fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$1,794,925 during the current fiscal year, which was primarily due to normal fund activity offset by grant and tax revenue increases.

Bonded Projects Fund

There was no change in the fund balance of the Bonded Projects Fund.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The actual net change in fund balance of the General Fund on a budgetary basis was an increase of \$484,316. Expenditures were \$820,722 less than budgeted and total budgetary revenues were \$463,221 more than expected. The revenue surplus was primarily due to an increase in tax and state grant revenue, the sale of town property and charges for services from police private duty. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town Council approved additional appropriations of \$799,627 from fund balance.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2021 totaled \$145,669,932 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, distribution and collection systems, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total decrease in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,675,929. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Outlays for Public Works Facility Improvements totaling \$551,846
- Outlays for Transfer Station Upgrades total \$951,969
- Outlays for the new Murphy Elementary School Roof totaling \$274,515
- Outlays for the purchase of the new Public Works JCB Excavator for \$185,927

The following are tables of the investment in capital assets presented for both governmental and business-type activities:

### CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 and 2020

		Governmental				Busin					
	_	Activities			_	Ac	tivitie	es	_	Total	<u> </u>
	_	2021	_	2020		2021		2020		2021	2020
Land	\$	2,227,080	\$	2,348,971	\$	1,127,031	\$	1,127,031	\$	3,354,111 \$	3,476,002
Construction in progress		2,421,660		3,031,904		326,263		1,111,251		2,747,923	4,143,155
Land improvements		4,141,578		2,730,509		420,391				4,561,969	2,730,509
Buildings and improvements		69,669,168		70,431,145		11,724,435		10,848,662		81,393,603	81,279,807
Distribution and collection system						28,383,925		29,477,115		28,383,925	29,477,115
Machinery and equipment		6,100,707		6,577,573		6,177,327		6,256,109		12,278,034	12,833,682
Infrastructure	_	12,941,718	_	13,405,591						12,941,718	13,405,591
Total	\$_	97,501,911	\$	98,525,693	\$_	48,159,372	\$_	48,820,168	\$	145,661,283 \$	147,345,861

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 1 and Note 5 of this report.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total debt, consisting of bonds, notes and capital leases payable, outstanding of \$25,524,698. This entire amount is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. The Town's total debt decreased by \$324,284 or 1.3% during the current fiscal year. This decrease was due to current year scheduled repayments, offset by the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$3,300,000 to fund various road improvement projects and capital lease arrangements in the amount of \$950,000 to fund for police vehicles, an excavator and a fire pumper.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to seven times its annual receipts from taxation, as defined by the statutes. The current debt limitation for the Town is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

#### OUTSTANDING DEBT FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 and 2020

		Governm Activiti		Business- Activitie	··	Total			
	-	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
General obligation bonds Note payable	\$	22,576,000 \$	23,380,000 \$	900,000 \$ 169,933	990,000 \$ 181,184	23,476,000 \$ 169,933	24,370,000 181,184		
Capital lease obligations	_	1,854,406	1,249,953	24,359	47,845	1,878,765	1,297,798		
Total	\$	24,430,406 \$	24,629,953 \$	1,094,292 \$	1,219,029 \$	25,524,698 \$	25,848,982		

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

Significant estimates affecting next year's budget that are subject to change in the near term consist of the following:

- For purposes of calculating property tax revenues for fiscal year 2021, the assessor's grand list was
  used along with an estimated tax rate, and an estimated rate of collection, with deductions for taxes to
  be paid by the State on behalf of certain taxpayers.
- The Town receives intergovernmental revenues from the State of Connecticut. Connecticut's economy moves in the same general cycle as the national economy, which from time to time will affect the amount of intergovernmental revenues the Town will receive.
- The Town's fiscal year 2021 General Fund budget was approved on May 11, 2020. The fiscal year 2021 budget contemplated expenditures of \$62,870,699 an increase of \$1,258,331 or 2.0%, over the original fiscal year 2020 budgeted expenditures. The approved mill rate for the fiscal year 2021 budget is 32.38, a decrease of .13 or -.4% over the fiscal year 2020 mill rate of 32.51. No use of fund balance was designated for balancing the fiscal year 2021 budget.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Town of Montville, 310 Norwich-New London Tpke., Uncasville, Connecticut 06382.

### **Basic Financial Statements**

# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Primary Government						
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Assets:	_						
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,910,448	\$	11,997,577	\$	41,908,025	
Investments		390,830				390,830	
Receivables:							
Property taxes, net		1,413,592				1,413,592	
User charges, net		15,759		1,437,252		1,453,011	
Loans		295,983				295,983	
Intergovernmental		1,614,684		123,859		1,738,543	
Other receivables		330,666				330,666	
Supplies and other assets	_	5,794			_	5,794	
Total current assets	_	33,977,756		13,558,688		47,536,444	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital assets, nondepreciable		4,648,740		1,453,294		6,102,034	
Capital assets, northernocable  Capital assets, net of accumulated		4,040,740		1,400,204		0,102,004	
depreciation		92,853,171		46,706,078		139,559,249	
Total noncurrent assets	-	97,501,911	• •	48,159,372	_	145,661,283	
Total assets	-	131,479,667	•		_	193,197,727	
Total assets	_	131,479,007		61,718,060	_	193,197,727	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Deferred charge on refunding		733,943				733,943	
Deferred outflows related to pension		7,220,582		1,009,050		8,229,632	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	_	355,956			_	355,956	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	8,310,481		1,009,050	_	9,319,531	
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,868,703		407,836		2,276,539	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		599,130		37,895		637,025	
Accrued interest payable		261,960		10,177		272,137	
Unearned revenue		3,491,095				3,491,095	
Current maturities of long-term obligations		5,100,131		149,838		5,249,969	
Total current liabilities		11,321,019		605,746		11,926,765	
Noncurrent liabilities:				_		_	
Due in more than one year		39,948,909		3,881,007		43,829,916	
Total liabilities	_	51,269,928		4,486,753	_	55,756,681	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Deferred inflows related to pension		2,648,069		338,257		2,986,326	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB				330,237			
	-	317,109		220.257	_	317,109	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	2,965,178		338,257		3,303,435	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets		77,926,330		47,065,080		124,991,410	
Restricted for:							
Grants		273,511				273,511	
Education and scholarships		660,741				660,741	
Unrestricted	_	6,694,460		10,837,020	_	17,531,480	
Total Net Position	\$_	85,555,042	\$	57,902,100	\$	143,457,142	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

							Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position Primary Government					
			ı	Program Revenue	s	-						
				Operating	Capital							
Function/Program Activities		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	3	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total		
Primary Government:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	8,564,632 \$	1,255,345	409,394	\$	\$	(6,899,893) \$	9	\$	(6,899,893)		
Public safety	Ψ	6,292,378	876,760	1,177	Ψ	Ψ	(5,414,441)	`	Ψ	(5,414,441)		
Public works		5,405,740	600,732	1,177	458,568	3	(4,346,440)			(4,346,440)		
Health and welfare		426,589	48,272	124,595	100,000		(253,722)			(253,722)		
Parks and recreation		487,536	178,497	124,000			(309,039)			(309,039)		
Education		54,719,603	306,043	27,553,530			(26,860,030)			(26,860,030)		
Interest and fiscal charges		304,626	000,040	27,000,000			(304,626)			(304,626)		
Total governmental activities	_	76,201,104	3,265,649	28,088,696	458,568	3	(44,388,191)			(44,388,191)		
Business-type activities:												
Sewer department		5,819,281	4,870,403		300,457	,		(648,421)		(648,421)		
Water department		1,319,716	1,134,727		000,401			(184,989)		(184,989)		
Total business-type activities	_	7,138,997	6,005,130		300,457	<del>,</del> -	-	(833,410)	_	(833,410)		
Total Primary Government	\$_	83,340,101	9,270,779	28,088,696	\$ 759,025	<u></u>	(44,388,191)	(833,410)	_	(45,221,601)		
	G	General revenues	y:									
		Property taxes					43,447,723			43,447,723		
		Grants and conti	ributions not restri	cted to specific pro	grams		3,194,212			3,194,212		
		Unrestricted inve	estment earnings				128,565	23,808		152,373		
		Gain on sale of a	assets			_	146,725			146,725		
		Total general r	evenues and trans	fers		-	46,917,225	23,808		46,941,033		
	C	Change in net pos	sition		2,529,034	(809,602)		1,719,432				
	Ν	let Position at Be	eginning of Year, a	_	83,026,008	58,711,702	_	141,737,710				
	Ν	let Position at Er	nd of Year			\$	85,555,042 \$	57,902,100	\$	143,457,142		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

#### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_	General Fund		Bonded Projects Fund		American Rescue Plan Fund	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	. <u>-</u>	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	25,083,996	\$		\$		\$	1,381,736 390,830	\$	26,465,732 390,830
Receivables:										
Property taxes receivable, net		1,413,592								1,413,592
Assessment and interest		15,759								15,759
Loans								295,983		295,983
Intergovernmental				1,163,251				451,433		1,614,684
Other receivables		218,830								218,830
Due from other funds		1,220,659				2,738,727		6,947,075		10,906,461
Supplies								5,100		5,100
Other	_	694	_		_		-			694
Total Assets	\$_	27,953,530	\$_	1,163,251	\$	2,738,727	\$	9,472,157	\$	41,327,665
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	1,170,302 594,141 9,685,802 182,951 11,633,196	\$	966,201 966,201	\$	2,738,727 2,738,727	\$	150,964 4,989 236,798 569,417 962,168	\$	1,321,266 599,130 10,888,801 3,491,095 16,300,292
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes and interest		1,234,125								1,234,125
Unavailable revenue - assessments and interest		15,759								15,759
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental receivable		.0,.00		1,163,251						1,163,251
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,249,884	_	1,163,251		-	-	-		2,413,135
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		694						5,100		5,794
Restricted		83,025						851,227		934,252
Committed		938,209						7,745,216		8,683,425
Assigned		1,585,023								1,585,023
Unassigned	_	12,463,499	_	(966,201)	_		_	(91,554)		11,405,744
Total fund balances	_	15,070,450	_	(966,201)	_	-	-	8,509,989		22,614,238
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	27,953,530	\$_	1,163,251	\$	2,738,727	\$	9,472,157	\$	41,327,665

(Continued on next page)

2,991,455

85,555,042

# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Net Position: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following: Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III) 22,614,238 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Governmental capital assets 144,088,212 Less accumulated depreciation (46,586,301) Net capital assets 97,501,911 Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Property tax receivables greater than 60 days 1,234,125 School construction intergovernmental receivable - accrual basis change 1,163,251 Water and sewer assessments - accrual basis change 15,759 7,220,582 Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB 355,956 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of

Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities

in the statement of net position.

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

Bonds and notes payable	(22,576,000)
Capital lease payable	(1,854,406)
Deferred charge on refunding	733,943
Unamortized premium on bonds payable	(857,235)
Interest payable on bonds	(261,960)
Landfill post-closure costs	(57,000)
Early retirement incentive	(115,036)
Total OPEB liability	(15,994,320)
Compensated absences	(1,688,096)
Net pension liability	(1,906,947)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(317,109)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(2,648,069)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General Fund		Bonded Projects Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	_		_				
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	43,675,346	\$	\$		\$ \$	43,675,346
Intergovernmental revenues		22,016,380				2,837,657	24,854,037
Charges for services		2,986,311				402,924	3,389,235
Investment income		23,298				102,217	125,515
Other		10,000				52,158	62,158
Total revenues	_	68,711,335	_		-	 3,394,956	72,106,291
Expenditures: Current:							
General government		7,774,809				27,979	7,802,788
Public safety		5,150,466				33,585	5,184,051
Public salety Public works		3,748,655				432,679	4,181,334
Health and welfare		231,355				102,950	334,305
Parks and recreation		250,841				58,842	309,683
Nonprofit organizations		74,300				30,042	74,300
		,				2 512 120	•
Education Debt service:		43,332,077				2,512,129	45,844,206
Principal retirement		4,389,623					4,389,623
Interest and other charges		688,796				58,250	747,046
Capital outlay		381,089				2,045,402	2,426,491
Total expenditures	_	66,022,011	_		-	 5,271,816	71,293,827
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures	_	2,689,324	_	<u> </u>	-	 (1,876,860)	812,464
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Bonds issuance						3,300,000	3,300,000
Premiums						255,140	255,140
Capital lease issuance						950,000	950,000
Transfers in from other funds						894,399	894,399
Transfers out to other funds		(894,399)					(894,399)
Total other financing (uses)	_	(894,399)	_	<u> </u>	-	 5,399,539	4,505,140
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,794,925		-	-	3,522,679	5,317,604
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	13,275,525		(966,201)	-	 4,987,310	17,296,634
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	15,070,450	\$	(966,201) \$	_	\$ 8,509,989 \$	22,614,238

#### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:

Net change in fund balances	s - total governmental funds	(Exhibit IV)	\$	5,317,604
-----------------------------	------------------------------	--------------	----	-----------

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	2,340,746
Depreciation expense	(3,007,761)
Disposition of capital assets	(356,767)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes receivable - accrual basis change	(227,623)
Changes in deferred outflows related to pensions	(651,606)
Changes in deferred outflows related to OPEB	65,509

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Bonds issuance	(3,300,000)
Principal payments on bonds and notes payable	4,104,000
Premium on bond issuance	(255,140)
Capital lease issuance	(950,000)
Principal payments on capital leases	345,547
Principal payments on direct borrowings	48,465

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(142,724)
Amortization of premium	539,977
Accrued interest	29,410
Landfill post-closure costs	19,000
Early retirement incentives	48,614
Change in compensated absences	18,117
Change in net pension liability	(116,710)
Change in total OPEB liability	(714,459)
Changes in deferred inflows related to pensions	(918,920)
Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	28,654

The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 265,101

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ 2,529,034

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

		Bus	Governmental		
	_	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds			Activities
		Major Funds		Total	
	_	Sewer Department	Water Department	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	10,680,519 \$	1,317,058	\$ 11,997,577	\$ 3,444,716
User charges, net		1,275,994	161,258	1,437,252	
Intergovernmental		123,859		123,859	
Other				-	111,836
Due from other funds			73,242	73,242	
Total current assets	_	12,080,372	1,551,558	13,631,930	3,556,552
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, nondepreciable		1,381,280	72,014	1,453,294	
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	_	36,949,028	9,757,050	46,706,078	
Total noncurrent assets	_	38,330,308	9,829,064	48,159,372	
Total assets	_	50,410,680	11,380,622	61,791,302	3,556,552
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Deferred charge related to pension		1,009,050		1,009,050	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	1,009,050	-	1,009,050	-
	_			·	
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:		204.005	00.054	407.000	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		324,985	82,851	407,836	
Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable		34,210 10,177	3,685	37,895 10,177	
Due to other funds		73,242		73,242	17,660
Claims payable		10,242		70,242	547,437
Bonds, notes and loans payable		101,479		101,479	041,401
Capital lease		24,359		24,359	
Compensated absences		24,000		24,000	
Total current liabilities	_	592,452	86,536	678,988	565,097
	_				
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Bonds, notes and loans payable		000 454		000.454	
and related liabilities Capital lease		968,454		968,454	
Capital lease  Compensated absences		98,627		98,627	
Connection fee payable		90,021	654,854	654,854	
Net pension liability		2,159,072	054,054	2,159,072	
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	3,226,153	654,854	3,881,007	
Total liabilities	_	3,818,605	741,390	4,559,995	565,097
	_	3,010,003	741,390	4,559,995	303,091
Deferred inflows of resources:		200 057		000 057	
Deferred charges related to pension	-	338,257		338,257	
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		37,236,016	9,829,064	47,065,080	-
Unrestricted		10,026,852	810,168	10,837,020	2,991,455
Total Net Position	\$	47,262,868 \$	10,639,232		\$ 2,991,455
TOTAL THOSE TOURISM	Ψ_	τι, <u>ευ</u> ε,υυυ ψ	10,000,202	Ψ 07,302,100	2,001,700

#### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities
	_	Major Fu		Total		
	_	Sewer Department	Water Department	Enterprise Funds	-	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	4,870,403 \$	1,134,727 \$	6,005,130	\$	7,214,676
Total operating revenues	_	4,870,403	1,134,727	6,005,130	-	7,214,676
Operating Expenses:						
Medical claims				-		6,742,092
Administration				-		210,533
Personnel services		819,134	84,319	903,453		
Supplies and administration		1,712,978	805,577	2,518,555		
Maintenance		246,917	27,918	274,835		
Energy and transportation		802,888	54,031	856,919		
Insurance and taxes		729,156	37,520	766,676		
Depreciation expense		1,475,355	309,991	1,785,346		
Total operating expenses	_	5,786,428	1,319,356	7,105,784	_	6,952,625
Operating Income (Loss)	_	(916,025)	(184,629)	(1,100,654)	_	262,051
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Intergovernmental		300,457		300,457		
Income on investments		19,649	4,159	23,808		3,050
Interest expense		(32,853)	(360)	(33,213)		-
Total nonoperating expenses	_	287,253	3,799	291,052	_	3,050
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	_	(628,772)	(180,830)	(809,602)	_	265,101
Change in Net Position		(628,772)	(180,830)	(809,602)		265,101
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	47,891,640	10,820,062	58,711,702	_	2,726,354
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	47,262,868 \$	10,639,232 \$	57,902,100	\$_	2,991,455

	_	Business-Type Activities				Governmental	
	_			interprise Funds		_	Activities
	_		r F	unds	Total		
		Sewer Department		Water Department	Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Fund
	_					-	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	4,980,646	\$	1,107,406 \$	6,088,052	\$	7,102,840
Intergovernmental		(123,859)			(123,859)		
Payments to suppliers		(3,560,727)		(919,742)	(4,480,469)		(210,533)
Payments to employees		(466,129)		(80,634)	(546,763)		
Claims paid	_					_	(6,738,837)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	829,931		107,030	936,961	-	153,470
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:							
Interfund loans		(81,451)		(43,361)	(124,812)		(68,506)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital							
financing activities	_	(81,451)		(43,361)	(124,812)	_	(68,506)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(1,055,520)		(69,030)	(1,124,550)		
Capital grants		300,457		(,,	300,457		
Principal payments (bonds, notes and capital leases)		(124,737)			(124,737)		
Payments on connection fee payable		( , - ,		(17,140)	(17,140)		
Interest payments		(34,286)		(360)	(34,646)		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related	_	(= , ==,		(	(2 /2 2/	-	
financing activities	_	(914,086)		(86,530)	(1,000,616)	_	
Cook Flows from Investing Activities							
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on investments		19,649		4,159	23,808		3,050
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	19,649	-	4,159	23,808	-	3,050
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	19,049		4,109	20,000	-	3,030
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(145,957)		(18,702)	(164,659)		88,014
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	10,826,476		1,335,760	12,162,236	-	3,356,702
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	10,680,519	\$	1,317,058 \$	11,997,577	\$_	3,444,716
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash							
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(916,025)	\$	(184,629) \$	(1,100,654)	\$	262,051
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	_	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	
provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation		1,475,355		309,991	1,785,346		
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in user charges receivable		110,243		(27,321)	82,922		(111,836)
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivable		(123,859)			(123,859)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension		91,060			91,060		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(68,788)		5,304	(63,484)		
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		18,439		3,685	22,124		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		29,681			29,681		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		96,445			96,445		
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to pension		117,380			117,380		
Increase (decrease) in claims payable			_		<del>_</del>		3,255
Total adjustments	_	1,745,956		291,659	2,037,615	-	(108,581)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	829,931	\$	107,030 \$	936,961	\$	153,470

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Montville, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Montville, Connecticut, was settled in 1786 and covers 43.9 square miles located in the Southeastern part of Connecticut. The Town operates under a Town Council/Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, health, social services, recreation, planning and zoning, education and other miscellaneous programs.

The legislative power of the Town is vested with the Town Council and Town Meeting. The Town Council may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The Town Council is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable, all organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations which by nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and, therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units requiring inclusion in these financial statements.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements are intended to distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for debt service expenditures, expenditures related to compensated absences, pension expense, landfill closure and post closure costs, other post-employment costs, and claims and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is available to be received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The American Rescue Plan Fund accounts for resources received as a result of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)

The Bonded Projects Fund accounts for the financial revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Department accounts for the activities of the Town's Sewer department operations.

The Water Department accounts for the activities of the Town's Water department operations.

## TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

#### **Internal Service Fund**

This fund accounts for activities that provide goods or services to other funds, departments or agencies of the Town on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Town utilizes an internal service fund to account for risk management activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds consist of charges to customers for services relating to sewer and water usage. Operating expenses of the Town's enterprise funds include the cost of operations and maintenance, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service fund consist of charges for premiums. Operating expenses of the Town's internal service fund consist of claims incurred and administrative expenses. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, when purchased, such as certificates of deposit and investment pools.

#### **Investments**

All investments are stated at fair value.

#### E. Receivables

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and are levied the following July 1. Taxes are due and payable in equal installments on July 1 and January 1 following the date of the Grand List. Interest of 1-½% per month is charged on delinquent taxes. Liens are effective on the attachment date and are continued by filing prior to the following levy date. Additional property taxes are assessed for motor vehicles registered subsequent to the Grand List date through July 31 and are payable in one installment due January 1. Based on historical collection experience and other factors, the Town has established an allowance for uncollectible taxes and interest of \$275,000 and \$250,000, respectively, as of June 30, 2021.

### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### **Assessments and Usage Charges**

Upon completion of projects, water and sewer assessments are levied and assessed to the users each February. Usage charges are billed quarterly or monthly depending on the property type, beginning in January. Assessments and user charges are due and payable within thirty days, and delinquent amounts are subject to interest at prevailing rates. Liens are filed on all properties until the assessment is paid in full. Based on historical collection experience and other factors, the WPCA has established an allowance for uncollectible sewer and water usage of \$13,170 and \$1,600, respectively, as of June 30, 2021.

#### F. Interfund Activities

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

#### **Interfund Receivable and Payable**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### Interfund Services Provided and Used

Sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value are reported as revenues and expenditures, or expenses, in the applicable funds.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **Interfund Reimbursements**

Interfund reimbursements represent repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them.

#### G. Unearned Revenue

This liability represents resources that have been received but not yet earned.

#### H. Supplies

Inventories are reported at cost using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method, except for USDA donated commodities, which are recorded at market value. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### I. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, works of art and similar items are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
<b>5</b>	
Buildings	35 - 50
Building improvements	20
Distribution and collection systems	50 - 65
Infrastructure	30 - 50
Land improvements	30 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20

Capital outlay is reported as expenditures and no depreciation expense is reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

#### J. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various union contracts, Town and Board of Education employees are granted vacation and sick time in varying amounts based on length of service. Town employees may not carry over any accumulated vacation time and may carry over a limited number of sick days to subsequent years. In the event of retirement, Town employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick days based on union contract. Board of Education employees may carry over a limited number of unused vacation days to the next fiscal year.

All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Expenditures for compensated absences are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they have matured (i.e., due to resignation or retirement).

#### K. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

#### L. Total Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Liability

The total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year and no later than the end of the current fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

#### M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The Town reports deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs and difference between projected and actual earnings. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense, as applicable, in a systematic and rational manner.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension or OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, interest on property taxes, assessments, interest on assessments and intergovernmental receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period during which the amounts become available.

#### N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued, including capital leases, is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Principal payments and issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### O. Net Position and Fund Balance

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position." Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The components of net position are detailed below:

#### **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets, net of unexpended proceeds. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

#### **Restricted Net Position**

These amounts are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### **Unrestricted Net Position**

This category represents the net amount of the assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources which are not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

These amounts cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

These amounts are restricted to specific purposes when constraints are placed on the use of resources by external parties, such as debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town Council (the highest level of decision making authority of the Town) and cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action.

#### **Assigned Fund Balance**

For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, this represents any remaining positive amounts not classified as restricted or committed. For the General Fund, this includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town Council, who has been delegated to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

The residual amount not allocated to any other fund balance category in the General Fund and any residual deficit balance of any other governmental funds.

## TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

The Town does not have a formal policy over net position. In practice, the Town considers restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### **Fund Balance Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed; assigned; then unassigned. It is the Town's policy to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund between 12% and 16% of the Town's General Fund budget. Two-thirds vote of the entire Town Council is required to decrease total fund balance below 12%. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund as of June 30, 2021 represents 19.58% of the Town's final General Fund budget.

#### P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Q. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is April 28, 2022.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund financial statements, in accordance with provisions of Connecticut General Statutes and annually adopted budget policies:

By 100 days before the close of the fiscal year, the head of each department, office and agency submits
to the Finance Director detailed estimates of expenditures and any revenues other than tax revenues
expected to be collected. Expenditures are controlled at the department level.

# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

- The Mayor submits a Capital Improvement Program for the ensuing fiscal year and the immediate four subsequent years to the Town Council for changes from the prior year's program by 75 days before the close of the fiscal year. It is then submitted to the Planning and Zoning Commission for approval. The Town Council then adopts the Program. The Program details the project, cost estimates, methods of financing, time schedules and the estimated annual cost of the facility operation.
- By 75 days before the close of the fiscal year, the Mayor presents a budget message, estimates of revenues and expenditures, and justifications to the Town Council.
- By 60 days before the close of the fiscal year, the Town Council publishes the particulars of the budgets and holds one or more public hearings.
- The Town Council may add, increase, delete or decrease any programs or amounts except for those
  prohibited by law. The budget is returned to the Mayor, who approves it or vetoes one or more lineitems (except for the Board of Education budget). A veto may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of the
  entire Town Council.
- The Town Council adopts the final budget before 30 days of the close of the fiscal year.
- If the Town Council fails to adopt a budget within the prescribed timeframe, the previous year's budget prevails on a month-to-month basis until the new budget is adopted.
- With written approval of a department head and the Director of Finance, transfers between line items within a department can be made. The Town Council may transfer unexpended balances between departments.
- The Board of Education may transfer unexpended balances between accounts within its total line appropriation.
- Additional appropriations may be made during the year by resolution of the Town Council. Additional appropriations from fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2021, amounted to \$799,627.

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year. Generally, all unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for capital projects funds and certain special revenue funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations in the General Fund are not re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget but are carried forward.

#### **B.** Fund Deficits

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deficit fund balance/net position in the following funds:

Bonded Projects Fund

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Special Education Grants 91,554

\$

966.201

The fund deficit will be eliminated by grant funding, state grant reimbursements and from appropriation from the General Fund.

#### 3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). This investment pool is under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

#### A. Deposits

#### **Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$37,410,526 of the Town's bank balance of \$39,404,695 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 33,494,474
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name	 3,916,052
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Risk	\$ 37,410,526

All of the Town's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by Connecticut state statute. Under this statute, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from its other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. The applicable percentage is determined based on the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call report, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank.

# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### B. Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2021, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$3,962,898. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Standard & Poor's

State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)

AAAm

These cash equivalents above are investment pools of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees or redemption gates.

#### C. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the Town's investments consisted of the following:

	Fair
Investment Type	 Value
Other investments:	
Mutual funds	\$ 390,830

#### **Investment Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The Town's investments in external investment pools and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities and are therefore not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits Town investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, its practice is to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools.

#### **Credit Risk - Investments**

The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those limited by Connecticut state statutes. Connecticut state statutes permit the Town to invest in obligations of the United States, including its instrumentalities and agencies; in obligations of any state or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top two rating categories of any recognized rating service; or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or of any

political subdivision thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top three rating categories of any recognized rating service.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Town places no limit on the amount of investment in any one issuer. No more than 5% of the Town's investments were invested in any one issuer in which credit risk was applicable.

#### **Fair Value Disclosure**

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, as of the measurement date. Authoritative guidance establishes a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (also referred to as observable inputs). The Town classifies its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into Level 1 (securities valued using quoted prices from active markets for identical assets), Level 2 (securities not traded on an active market for which market inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly), and Level 3 (securities valued based on unobservable inputs). Investments are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

June 30,		raii vait	nts Using			
 2020	_	Level 1	_	Level 2	_	Level 3
\$ 390 830	\$	390 830	\$	_	\$	_
_ \$_						

Mutual funds are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

#### 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivable as of June 30, 2021, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, for the Town's major funds and nonmajor governmental funds and other funds are presented below.

Receivables		General Fund		Bonded Projects Fund	 Nonmajor Governmental and Other		Sewer Department		Water Department		Total
Property taxes Interest on property taxes	\$	1,352,086 586,506	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	1,352,086 586,506
Assessment and interest		15,759									15.759
User charges		.0,.00					1,289,164		162,858		1,452,022
Loans					295,983				·		295,983
Intergovernmental				1,163,251	451,433		123,859				1,738,543
Other	_	218,830			 111,836			-		_	330,666
Gross Receivables Less allowance for		2,173,181		1,163,251	859,252		1,413,023		162,858		5,771,565
uncollectible accounts	_	(525,000)	_			-	(13,170)	-	(1,600)		(539,770)
Net Receivables	\$	1,648,181	\$_	1,163,251	\$ 859,252	\$	1,399,853	\$	161,258	\$	5,231,795

#### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,348,971 \$		\$	121,891	\$	\$	2,227,080
Construction in progress	_	3,031,904	1,593,842	_	13,269	_	(2,190,817)	2,421,660
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	5,380,875	1,593,842	_	135,160	_	(2,190,817)	4,648,740
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		3,714,791	39,872		5,700		1,503,815	5,252,778
Buildings and improvements		94,597,229	182,862		127,131		615,049	95,268,009
Machinery and equipment		16,488,174	524,170		523,277		71,953	16,561,020
Infrastructure	_	22,357,665		_		_		22,357,665
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	137,157,859	746,904	_	656,108	_	2,190,817	139,439,472
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		984,282	131,118		4,200			1,111,200
Buildings and improvements		24,166,084	1,434,452		1,695			25,598,841
Machinery and equipment		9,910,601	978,318		428,606			10,460,313
Infrastructure	_	8,952,074	463,873	_	404 504	_		9,415,947
Total accumulated depreciation	_	44,013,041	3,007,761	-	434,501		<u>-</u>	46,586,301
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	93,144,818	(2,260,857)	_	221,607	_	2,190,817	92,853,171
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	98,525,693 \$	(667,015)	\$_	356,767	\$_	<u> </u>	97,501,911
		Beginning						Ending
	_	Balance	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Transfers	Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,127,031 \$		\$		\$	\$	1,127,031
Construction in progress	_	1,111,251	326,263				(1,111,251)	326,263
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	2,238,282	326,263		-	_	(1,111,251)	1,453,294
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements			420,391					420,391
Buildings and improvements		19,626,041	167,750				1,111,251	20,905,042
Distribution and collection system		51,550,576	210,146					51,760,722
Machinery and equipment		16,089,206						16,089,206
Total capital assets being depreciated								
	_	87,265,823	798,287	_	-	_	1,111,251	89,175,361
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_	87,265,823	798,287	_	-	_	1,111,251	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements	_	87,265,823 8,777,379	798,287 403,228	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,111,251	
•	_		<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>		1,111,251	89,175,361
Buildings and improvements	_	8,777,379	403,228	_	-		1,111,251	89,175,361 9,180,607
Buildings and improvements Distribution and collection system		8,777,379 22,073,461	403,228 1,303,336	_	-	_	1,111,251	9,180,607 23,376,797
Buildings and improvements Distribution and collection system Machinery and equipment		8,777,379 22,073,461 9,833,097	403,228 1,303,336 78,782		-		1,111,251	9,180,607 23,376,797 9,911,879

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	153,716
Public safety		439,059
Public works		721,985
Health and welfare		24,626
Recreation and leisure		81,616
Education		1,586,759
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	3,007,761
Business-type activities:		
Sewer department	\$	1,475,355
Water department	·	309,991
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities		

#### 6. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

#### **Interfund Payables and Receivables**

A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General fund	Bonded projects fund	\$ 966,201
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	236,798
General fund	Internal service fund	17,660
American rescue plan fund	General fund	2,738,727
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	6,947,075
Water department	Sewer department	 73,242
Total		\$ 10,979,703

The above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

A summary of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

		Transfer In
		Nonmajor
		Governmental
		<b>Funds</b>
Transfers Out:	•	
General fund	\$	894,399

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### 7. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:								_	
Bonds and notes payable:									
General obligation bonds \$	23,380,000	\$	3,300,000	\$	4,104,000	\$	22,576,000	\$	3,940,000
Premium on bonds	1,142,072		255,140		539,977		857,235		
Total bonds payable	24,522,072		3,555,140		4,643,977		23,433,235		3,940,000
Capital lease	1,249,953		950,000		345,547		1,854,406		672,176
Contract payable from direct borrowings	48,465				48,465		-		
Landfill post-closure costs	76,000				19,000		57,000		19,000
Early retirement incentive	163,650		49,494		98,108		115,036		70,538
Compensated absences	1,706,213		323,883		342,000		1,688,096		300,000
Net pension liability	15,279,861		714,459				15,994,320		
Total OPEB liability	1,790,237		116,710				1,906,947		98,417
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities \$	44,836,451	\$_	5,709,686	\$_	5,497,097	\$_	45,049,040	\$_	5,100,131
	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Business Type Activities:									
Bonds and notes payable:									
General obligation bonds \$	990,000	\$		\$	90,000	\$	900,000	\$	90,000
Capital lease	47,845				23,486		24,359		24,359
Note payable from direct borrowings	181,184				11,251		169,933		11,479
Contract payable from direct borrowings	671,994				17,140		654,854		
Compensated absences	92,946		48,681		19,000		122,627		24,000
Net pension liability	2,062,927		96,145		-	_	2,159,072		
Total Long-Term Liabilities \$	4,046,896	\$	144,826	\$_	160,877	\$_	4,030,845	\$	149,838

Bonds payable typically have been liquidated by the General Fund for governmental activities and the Water and Sewer Departments for business-type activities. Other long-term liabilities are typically liquidated by the General Fund for governmental activities and the Water and Sewer Departments for business-type activities.

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

General obligation bonds as of June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

						Balance
		Original	Date of	Date of	Interest	Outstanding
	_	Amount	Issue	Maturity	Rate	June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities:						
Bonds Payable						
General Obligation Bonds - Series A	\$	2,212,600	02/25/10	07/01/21	2.00-4.00% \$	220,000
General Obligation Bonds - Series B		7,890,000	02/25/10	07/01/24	3.00-5.00%	550,000
General Obligation Bonds		10,625,000	08/15/12	08/15/32	2.13-5.00%	6,225,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds		9,195,000	03/07/13	07/01/26	1.00-4.00%	6,925,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds		5,849,000	11/02/15	09/15/27	1.97%	3,356,000
General Obligation Bonds		2,500,000	04/09/19	04/01/29	3.00-5.00%	2,000,000
General Obligation Bonds		3,300,000	03/18/21	03/15/31	2.00-4.00%	3,300,000
					\$	22,576,000
Business-type Activities:						
Bonds Payable						
General Obligation Bonds	\$	1,500,000	08/15/12	08/15/32	2.13-5.00% \$	900,000

The annual debt service requirements of general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-Type	• Activities
_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022 \$	3,940,000 \$	655,798 \$	90,000 \$	25,337
2023	3,702,000	537,326	90,000	21,737
2024	3,681,000	420,539	90,000	18,981
2025	2,681,000	309,829	70,000	17,238
2026	1,995,000	227,893	70,000	15,575
2027-2031	5,717,000	490,870	350,000	47,250
2032-2036 _	860,000	58,050	140,000	4,200
\$ <sub></sub>	22,576,000 \$	2,700,305 \$	900,000 \$	150,318

#### **Statutory Debt Limitations**

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit	 Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 95,628,544	\$ 24,985,156	\$ 70,643,388
Schools	191,257,088	4,529,599	186,727,489
Sewers	159,380,906		159,380,906
Urban renewal	138,130,119		138,130,119
Pension deficit	127,504,725		127,504,725

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, \$297,511,026.

The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding.

#### **Authorized, Unissued Bonds**

At June 30, 2021, the Town had authorized unissued bonds totaling \$7,500,000 for road improvements.

#### **Capital Lease Commitments**

The Town has several active capital leases as of year-end. Assets acquired through the capital lease is as follows:

	 Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,203,110 \$ (909,820)	116,478 (26,531)
Net Book Value	\$ 2,293,290 \$	89,947

Obligations of Governmental Activities under capital leases at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities	_	Business-type Activities
2022	\$	706,791	\$	25,265
2023		653,679		
2024		399,385		
2025		79,104		
2026		77,479		
Total minimum lease payments	_	1,916,438	_	25,265
Less amount for interest	_	(62,032)	_	(906)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$_	1,854,406	\$	24,359

#### **Note Payable from Direct Borrowings**

The State of Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection has provided Clean Water financing in the form of permanently financed serial notes to the Town dated January 30, 2015, in the initial amount of \$245,631. The note is payable in 240 monthly installments of \$1,231 and matures in July 2033. The note bears an interest rate of 2.0%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations are as follows as of June 30, 2021:

		Principal	Interest
2022	\$	11,479 \$	3,294
2023		11,710	3,062
2024		11,947	2,826
2025		12,188	2,585
2026		12,434	2,339
2027-2031		66,037	7,816
2032-2036	_	44,138	1,412
	\$_	169,933 \$	23,334

#### **Contract Payables from Direct Borrowings**

The Town has entered into a long-term contract with the Mohegan Tribal Utility Authority in connection with its portion of costs from a regional water extension project. Amounts payable total \$654,854 as of June 30, 2021, and are due upon new connections to the system.

#### **Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs**

The Town landfill has been closed. State and federal laws and regulations require that the Town perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. Estimated monitoring costs of \$19,000 per year for the next three years total \$57,000 at June 30, 2021. These amounts are based on estimates which are subject to change due to inflation, technology or changes in applicable laws and regulations.

#### **Early Retirement Incentive**

The Board of Education provides early retirement incentive benefits to former employees. Benefits are paid annually based on the retirement agreement for each employee. Benefits are payable through 2024. The amount paid from General Fund appropriations during the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$98,108, and the outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 is \$115,036.

#### 8. FUND BALANCE

As of June 30, 2021, fund balances are composed of the following:

		General Fund		Bonded Projects Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
	_	Fullu		Fullu		Fullus	_	1 Otal
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Supplies	\$_	694	_\$_		_\$_	5,100	\$_	5,794
Restricted for:								
Grants and donations		6,691				266,820		273,511
Education		76,334	_			584,407		660,741
Total restricted	_	83,025	_	-		851,227	_	934,252
Committed for:								
Education carryover		938,209						938,209
Student activities						321,339		321,339
Cafeteria operations						363,338		363,338
General government						6,259		6,259
Health and welfare						416,558		416,558
Recreation						61,298		61,298
Capital projects	_					6,576,424	_	6,576,424
Total committed	_	938,209		-		7,745,216	_	8,683,425
Assigned to:								
General government encumbrances		76,162						76,162
Public safety encumbrances		88,719						88,719
Education encumbrances	_	1,420,142						1,420,142
Total assigned	_	1,585,023		-		<u>-</u>	_	1,585,023
Unassigned		12,463,499		(966,201)	<u> </u>	(91,554)	_	11,405,744
Total Fund Balances	\$_	15,070,450	\$_	(966,201)	\$	8,509,989	\$_	22,614,238

As of June 30, 2021, the Town has recorded \$1,872,119 in encumbrances, which has been reported in the assigned fund balance of the General Fund.

#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God for which the Town carries commercial insurance. During 2021, deductibles paid by the Town were insignificant. Neither the Town nor its insurers have settled any claims which exceeded the Town's insurance coverage during the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in any insurance coverage from amounts in the prior year.

The Health Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, was established to account for and finance employee medical benefits claims for eligible full-time employees of both the Town and the Board of Education. The Town retains the risk of loss under the plan. A third party processes the claims filed under the self-insured health plan, for which the Town is charged an administrative fee. The Town has purchased a stop-loss policy for total claims in any one year exceeding an aggregate of 125% of expected claims and for individual claims exceeding \$175,000 for combined hospital and major medical.

The Town establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported at June 30, 2021. Claims liabilities are recorded if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is possible that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of possible loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount of the claims accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claims, which include past experience data, inflation and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claims accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

A summary of claims activity for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2021 is as follows:

	 Medical Insurance							
			Current Year					
	Liability July 1,	_	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments		Liability June 30,		
2019-2020 2020-2021	\$ 588,000 544,182	\$	5,391,306 6,742,092	\$	(5,435,124) (6,738,837)	\$	544,182 547,437	

The Town purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including blanket and umbrella. Coverage has not been materially reduced, nor has settled claims exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

#### 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are several lawsuits pending against the Town. The Town's management believes it has meritorious defenses against these lawsuits and estimates that potential claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### 11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

#### A. Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System

#### **Plan Description**

With certain exceptions, all full-time employees participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the Sate of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

#### **Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service or 25 years of aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members. Employees under the age of 55 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service.

#### **Normal Retirement**

For members not covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1½% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average of the three highest paid years of service in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The year's breakpoint is defined as \$10,700 increased by 6.0% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

#### **Early Retirement**

Members must have 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Benefits are deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

#### **Disability Retirement - Service Connected**

This applies to employees who are totally and permanently disabled and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police, who began employment prior to July 1, 1996, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including worker's compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

#### **Disability Retirement - Non-Service Connected**

This applies to employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

#### **Pre-Retirement Death Benefit**

The plan offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or if vested and married, the surviving spouse will receive a lifetime benefit.

#### Contributions

#### Member

Contributions for members not covered by social security are 5% of compensation; for members covered by social security, 21/4% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5%, if any, in excess of such base.

#### **Employer**

Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of MERS not met by member contributions. In addition, there is also an annual administrative fee per active and retired member.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reports a liability of \$18,153,392 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2020. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportion was 1.63%. The decrease in proportion from the prior year was 0.05%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$4,650,250. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	1,927,060	\$	
Change in assumptions		2,976,005		
Differences between expected and actual experience		901,518		2,321,311
Changes in proportional share		335,550		665,015
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	_	2,089,499	. <u>-</u>	·
Total	\$_	8,229,632	\$_	2,986,326

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Town contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 1,450,038
2023	1,754,904
2024	(164,969)
2025	 113,834
Total	\$ 3,153,807

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement period:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increase	3.50-10.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

#### Mortality rates were based on:

RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees.

RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for Police and Fire.

For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 was used.

Future cost-of-living adjustments for members who retire on or after January 1, 2002 are 60% of the annual increase in the CPI up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%; the maximum is 6%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	20.00%	5.30%
Developed market international	11.00%	5.10%
High yield bonds	9.00%	7.40%
Private equity	16.00%	1.60%
Core fixed income	5.00%	1.30%
Emerging market bond	5.00%	2.90%
Alternative investments	6.00%	3.40%
Emerging markets international	10.00%	4.70%
Real estate	10.00%	7.30%
Inflation linked bond fund	7.00%	3.20%
Liquidity fund	1.00%	0.90%
Total	100.00%	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current					
	_	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)	
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$_	25,870,436	\$	18,153,392	\$_	11,687,899	

#### B. Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System - Pension

#### **Plan Description**

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

#### **Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

#### **Normal Retirement**

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

#### **Early Retirement**

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

#### **Disability Retirement**

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

#### **Contributions**

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$5,200,536 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

#### Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the Town	_	81,078,895
Total	\$	81,078,895

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2021, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$11,614,167 in Exhibit II.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.00-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 an above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

#### **Cost-of-Living Allowance**

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

#### **Long-Term Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocations as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Expected Return	_	Target Allocation	_
Domestic Equity Fund	5.60	%	20.00	%
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	6.00		11.00	
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	7.90		9.00	
Core Fixed Income Fund	2.10		16.00	
Inflation Linked Bond Fund	1.10		5.00	
Emerging Market Debt Fund	2.70		5.00	
High Yield Bond Fund	4.00		6.00	
Real Estate Fund	4.50		10.00	
Private Equity	7.30		10.00	
Alternative Investments	2.90		7.00	
Liquidity Fund	0.40	_	1.00	_
Total		_	100.00	_%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

#### **Other Information**

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

#### C. Defined Contribution Plans

The Town and Board of Education offer defined contribution plans to enable employees to enhance their retirement security by deferring a portion of their salary. Eligible employees of the Town and Board of Education can make voluntary (unmatched) contributions to the 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan, up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits. In addition, the Board of Education offers a 403(b) defined benefit plan. Both plans are voluntary. The Town administers both plans.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, employees contributed \$203,008 to the 457(b) deferred compensation plan, and the Town contributions totaled \$73,710 in the 403(b) Plan.

#### 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS (OPEB)

#### A. Board of Education OPEB Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The Town administers an Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (the Plan), which is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Town's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members, as well as certain life insurance benefits. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the unions representing Town employees and are renegotiated each bargaining period. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not included in the financial statements of another entity.

The Town currently pays for postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of June 30, 2021, the Town has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund liability associated with the postemployment benefits, which would require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. Administration costs are financed from current operations.

#### **Benefit Provided**

The OPEB Plan provides for medical, prescription, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees, spouses and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town are established in the Plan document and may be amended through negotiations between the Town and the unions. Currently, the Town contributes the following for various classes of employees covered:

#### Board of Education Administrators

Administrators receiving benefits are required to contribute 50% of their premium costs. Administrators hired on or after July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 75% of their premium cots. Administrators are eligible for benefits upon retirement and 20 years of service regardless of age.

#### Board of Education Teachers

Teachers retiring under the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement system are eligible to receive health benefits for self and spouse. Normal retirement for teachers is the earlier of age 60 with 20 years of services, or completion of 35 years of service regardless of age. Individuals receiving benefits contribute 100% of their premium costs.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

Inactive plan members receiving benefits	70
Active participants	216
Total	286

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$1,906,947 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and it was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	2.16%
2020 medical trend rates	8.00%
2021 medical trend rates	7.00%
Ultimate medical trend rates	5.00%
Year ultimate medical trend rates	2023
Salary increases	2.50%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer's 20 Bond Index.

The mortality rates are from the RPH-2014 Total Dataset mortality table projected with projection scale MP-2020. Mortality projections scale was updated from the SOA MP-2018 scale to SOA MP-2020 scale.

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)
Balances as of July 1, 2020	\$_	1,790,237
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Net changes	-	75,591 42,098 - 70,282 27,156 (98,417) 116,710
Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$	1,906,947

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% in fiscal year 2020 to 2.16% in fiscal year 2021.

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease in Discount	Current Discount	1% Increase in Discount
	_	Rate (1.16%)	Rate (2.16%)	Rate (3.16%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,100,024 \$	1,906,947 \$	1,721,758

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town using the current healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in
		Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare
		Cost Trend	Cost Trend	Cost Trend
		Rates	Rates	Rates
		(6.00%	(7.00%	(8.00%
		decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	-	4.00%)	5.00%)	6.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,657,963	\$ 1,906,947 \$	2,216,985

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$120,964. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 64,965 290,991	\$	277,642 39,467
Total	\$ 355,956	\$	317,109

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### **Year Ending June 30**

2022	\$ 3,275
2023	3,275
2024	3,275
2025	3,275
2026	3,275
Thereafter	22,472

#### B. Other Post Employment Benefit - Connecticut State Teacher's Retirement Plan

#### **Plan Description**

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

#### **Benefit Provisions**

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

#### **Survivor Health Care Coverage**

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

#### Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

#### **Credited Service**

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of Credited Service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

#### **Normal Retirement**

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

#### **Early Retirement**

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

#### **Proratable Retirement**

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

#### **Disability Retirement**

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

#### **Termination of Employment**

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

#### **Contributions**

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$125,507 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

#### Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability \$ 
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town 12,092,920

Total \$ 12,092,920

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30,2020. At June 30, 2021, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$588,601 in Exhibit II.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Health care costs trend rate 5.125% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate

Rate of 4.50% by 2023

Salary increases 3.00-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 2.21%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Year fund net position will

be depleted 2021

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.42%).

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%; employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of State contributions to the fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2021 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

#### Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

#### 13. RESTATEMENT

The Town previously reported the activities of the Student Activity Fund and Student Scholarship Fund as fiduciary funds. As a result of implementation of GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, as of July 1, 2020, the activities of all these funds are now reported as special revenue funds. Accordingly, the Town restated beginning balances of the fund balance and net position as follows:

	_	Activities Net Position	Funds Fund Balance	_	Trust Fund Net Position
Balance as previously reported June 30, 2021	\$	82,234,340	\$ 4,195,642	\$	476,069
Adjustments:					
Student Activity Fund reported as a Special Revenue Fund		315,599	315,599		
Student Scholarship Fund reported as Special Revenue Fund	_	476,069	476,069	-	(476,069)
Balance July 1, 2020, as Restated	\$	83,026,008	\$ 4,987,310	\$	-

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TOR THE TEAR ENDED JONE 30, 2021	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 43,389,353 \$	43,389,353 \$	43,675,346	285,993
Intergovernmental revenues	16,364,282	16,364,282	16,678,893	314,611
Charges for services	2,851,064	2,851,064	2,946,383	95,319
Use of town money	266,000	266,000	33,298	(232,702)
Total revenues	62,870,699	62,870,699	63,333,920	463,221
Expenditures:				
Current:	0.056.404	0.440.004	7 745 000	207.054
General government	8,356,434	8,113,284	7,715,330	397,954
Public safety Public works	4,879,360 4,170,015	5,187,060 4,110,015	5,151,912 3,800,974	35,148 309,041
Health and welfare	193,156	193,156	177,609	15,547
Social services	41,100	42,500	42,367	133
Recreation and leisure	311,350	311,900	252,739	59,161
Non-profit organizations	74,300	74,300	74,300	39,101
Education	39,271,804	39,271,804	38,757,141	514,663
Capital outlay	500,000	500,000	487,861	12,139
Debt service	5,073,180	5,078,680	5,078,419	261
Total expenditures	62,870,699	62,882,699	61,538,652	1,344,047
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures		(12,000)	1,795,268	1,807,268
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriation of fund balance		799,627		(799,627)
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances			82,035	82,035
Transfers out		(787,627)	(1,392,987)	(605,360)
Total other financing sources (uses)		12,000	(1,310,952)	(1,322,952)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$\$	\$	484,316	484,316

#### **Budget to GAAP Reconciliation:**

·	_	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses
Balance, budgetary basis	\$	63,415,955	\$ 62,931,639
State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf contributions:			
OPEB Plan		125,507	125,507
Pension Plan		5,200,536	5,200,536
Changes in encumbrances			(747,291)
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances		(82,035)	,
Non budgetary transfers		, ,	(605,360)
Gross up netting of balance sheet activity	_	51,372	 11,379
Balance, GAAP Basis	\$_	68,711,335	\$ 66,916,410

# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		1.63%	1.68%	1.82%	3.24%	2.86%	1.98%	4.77%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	18,153,392 \$	17,432,488 \$	17,433,483 \$	8,042,425 \$	9,513,824 \$	6,566,284 \$	4,699,674
Town's covered payroll	\$	12,589,538 \$	11,643,874 \$	10,462,743 \$	11,026,760 \$	12,319,105 \$	10,870,196 \$	10,187,832
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		144.19%	149.71%	166.62%	72.94%	77.23%	60.41%	46.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.18%	72.69%	73.60%	91.68%	88.29%	92.72%	96.06%

#### Notes to Schedule

- This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

## TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution  Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$_	2,089,499 \$ 2,089,499	1,717,218 \$ 1,717,218	1,615,704 \$ 1,615,704	1,417,446 \$ 1,417,446	1,514,844 \$ 1,514,844	1,346,598 \$ 1,346,598	872,911 872,911
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	12,589,538 \$	11,643,874 \$	10,462,743 \$	11,026,760 \$	12,319,105 \$	10,870,196 \$	10,187,832
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.60%	14.75%	15.44%	12.85%	12.30%	12.39%	8.57%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation date: June 30, 2020 Measurement date: June 30, 2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, each biennium for the fiscal years ending two and three years after the valuation date.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 21 years

Asset valuation method 5 years smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% - 10.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7%, net of investment related expense

Changes in assumptions:

In 2019, the latest experience study for the System updated most of the actuarial assumptions utilized in the June, 30, 2020 valuation to include: rates of inflation, real investment return mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for

the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2017.

# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS\*

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	_	81,078,895	77,619,156	59,848,900	63,074,000	66,544,000	52,024,000	48,086,000
Total	\$_	81,078,895 \$	77,619,156 \$	59,848,900 \$	63,074,000 \$	66,544,000 \$	52,024,000 \$	48,086,000
Town's covered payroll	\$	18,379,514 \$	17,840,000 \$	18,490,000 \$	18,654,000 \$	18,728,000 \$	18,347,000 \$	18,347,000
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		49.24%	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date

#### Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms
Changes of assumptions

#### None

The Board adopted new assumptions as the result of an experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019:

- Decrease the annual rate of real wage increase assumption from 0.75% to 0.50%.
- Decrease payroll growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method

Single equivalent amortization period

Asset valuation method

Inflation

Salary increase

Investment rate of return

Entry age Level percent of pay, closed

30 years

4-year smoothed market

2.50%

3.25%-6.50%, including inflation

6.90%, net of investment-related expense

## TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2021		2020	_	2019		2018
Total OPEB liability:								
Service cost	\$	75,591	\$	58,795	\$	53,285	\$	47,363
Interest		42,098		54,241		56,241		64,449
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		70,282		(8,580)		(343,496)		
Changes in assumptions		27,156		236,273		84,742		(53,939)
Benefit payments		(98,417)	_	(82,154)		(72,963)		(112,809)
Net change in total OPEB liability		116,710		258,575		(222,191)		(54,936)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	1,790,237		1,531,662	_	1,753,853		1,808,789
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	=	1,906,947	\$_	1,790,237	\$_	1,531,662	\$_	1,753,853
Covered-employee payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Plan Changes Changes of assumptions None

The mortality rates are from the RPH-2014 Total Dataset mortality table projected with projection scale MP-2020. Mortality projections scale was updated from the SOA MP-2018 scale to SOA MP-2020 scale

Medical trend rate set at 8% in 2020 graded to 5% in 2023+ The discount rate was decreased from 2.21% to 2.16%

# TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS\*

		2021	 2020	 2019	_	2018
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	-	12,092,920	 12,105,146	 11,964,000	_	16,234,000
Total	\$	12,092,920	\$ 12,105,146	\$ 11,964,000	\$_	16,234,000
Town's covered payroll	\$	18,379,514	\$ 17,840,000	\$ 18,490,000	\$	18,654,000
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		2.50%	2.08%	1.49%		1.79%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes in benefit terms

Changes of assumptions

None

Based on the procedure described in GASB 75, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2020 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of June 30, 2020:

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience;

Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated;

The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated based on observed plan experience. Additionally, participants are no longer assumed to migrate from the Medicare Supplement Plan to the Medicare Advantage Plan after selecting an option; and,

The Board adopted new assumptions as the result of an experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. The changes in assumptions are summarized below:

- Decrease the annual rate of real wage increase assumption from 0.75% to 0.50%.
- Decrease payroll growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of payroll over an open period

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of investment-related expense including price inflation

Price inflation 2.75%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

<sup>-</sup> The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

## **General Fund**

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget -		
	_			Original		Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
	_	Original	-	ı ıııdı		Hotaui	 (itoguiivo)		
Property taxes: Revenue from property taxes Telephone access	\$	43,036,353 45,000	\$	43,036,353 45,000	\$	43,273,488 47,947	\$ 237,135 2,947		
Interest and lien fees Total property taxes	_	308,000 43,389,353	-	308,000 43,389,353		353,911 43,675,346	 45,911 285,993		
Intergovernmental:									
State grants for school aid:									
ECS grant		12,779,336		12,779,336		12,770,495	(8,841)		
Special education		400,000		400,000		408,066	8,066		
Adult education	_	36,906	-	36,906		39,046	 2,140		
Total state grants for school aid	_	13,216,242	-	13,216,242		13,217,607	 1,365		
State grants unspecified:									
Lieu of Taxes/State Prop		1,079,480		1,079,480		1,082,647	3,167		
Emerg Manage Assist Prog		9,857		9,857		-	(9,857)		
Disability Grant		3,000		3,000		3,031	31		
Additional Veteran Grant Other Grants		10,000		10,000		11,555	1,555		
Municipal stabilization grant		40,000 20,897		40,000 20,897		80,660 20,897	40,660		
CT Fines Reimbursement		10,000		10,000		5,685	(4,315)		
Pequot Funds		1,446,162		1,446,162		1,446,162	(4,515)		
Municipal grant in aid		528,644		528,644		528,644	-		
FEMA		,		,		14,931	14,931		
COVID reimbursement						267,074	267,074		
Total state grants for school aid	_	3,148,040		3,148,040		3,461,286	 313,246		
Total intergovernmental	_	16,364,282	_	16,364,282		16,678,893	 314,611		
Charges for services:									
Licenses and permits:									
Conveyance Tax		195,000		195,000		240,142	45,142		
Town Clerk Fees		120,000		120,000		180,124	60,124		
Dog Licenses		5,000		5,000		4,883	(117)		
Dog Services for Salem		13,000		13,000		12,445	(555)		
Dog Warden		1,500		1,500		1,080	(420)		
Building Department		260,000		260,000		359,472	99,472		
Miscellaneous Permits		15,000		15,000		26,933	11,933		
Fire Marshal Permits		60,000		60,000		60,815	815		
Transfer Station		190,000		190,000		236,094	46,094		
Total licenses and permits	-	859,500	-	859,500		1,121,988	 262,488		
·	_		_				 		
Revenue from other agencies:									
Planning and zoning board of appeals		14,000		14,000		15,734	1,734		
Parks & Recreation		132,600		132,600		92,674	(39,926)		
Camp Oakdale/Other Rental		3,500		3,500		4,135	635		
Fair Oaks Facility Rental		1,500		1,500		300	(1,200)		
Housing Authority		29,000		29,000			(29,000)		
Youth Services Program		50,764	_	50,764		56,300	5,536		
Total revenue from other agencies	_	231,364	_	231,364		169,143	(62,221)		

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Charges for services (continued):						
Charges for current services:						
Tuition Regular	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ -		
Tuition Special Ed			64,706	64,706		
School Misc Revenue	1,500	1,500	160	(1,340)		
Public works department	200	200	940	740		
Commercial Tipping Fees	375,000	375,000	356,288	(18,712)		
Copy Money	1,000	1,000	416	(584)		
Community Booklet	9,000	9,000	3,815	(5,185)		
Total charges for current services	386,700	386,700	426,325	39,625		
Miscellaneous:						
Police Reimb. Priv Duty	185,000	185,000	385,965	200,965		
St Bernards Health Clinic	26,500	26,500	23,860	(2,640)		
Insurance Reimbursement	65,000	65,000	80,378	15,378		
Millstone Reimbursement	15,000	15,000	45,978	30,978		
Verizon	6,000	6,000	7,353	1,353		
Fire Marshal Private Dty	5,000	5,000	7,000	(5,000)		
Engineering review reimbursement	1,000	1,000	1,320	320		
Miscellaneous						
Sale of Town Property	70,000 500,000	70,000 500,000	39,043 145,030	(30,957) (354,970)		
Mohegan Contributions	500,000	500,000	500,000	(354,970)		
Total miscellaneous	1,373,500	1,373,500	1,228,927	(144,573)		
			1,220,021			
Total charges for services	2,851,064	2,851,064	2,946,383	95,319		
Revenue from use of town money:						
Investment interest	250,000	250,000	23,298	(226,702)		
Sewer assessments	6,000	6,000	-	(6,000)		
WPCA revenue	10,000	10,000	10,000			
Total revenue from use of town money	266,000	266,000	33,298	(232,702)		
Total revenues	62,870,699	62,870,699	63,333,920	463,221		
Other financing sources:						
Appropriation of fund balance		799,627	-	(799,627)		
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances			82,035	82,035		
Total other financing sources		799,627	82,035	(717,592)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	¢ 62.970.600	¢ 63 670 336	¢ 63 /15 055	¢ (254.274)		
inancing sources	\$ 62,870,699	\$ 63,670,326	\$ 63,415,955	\$ (254,371)		

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
General Government					
Mayor:					
Human services	\$	142,600 \$	144,048 \$	144,048 \$	
Contractual services		58,100	55,442	53,658	1,784
Commodities	_	5,150	31,360	29,830	1,530
Total mayor	_	205,850	230,850	227,536	3,314
Town council:					
Human services		18,000	18,000	17,680	320
Commodities		21,850	21,850	10,281	11,569
Total town council		39,850	39,850	27,961	11,889
Town attorney	_	185,000	141,600	94,505	47,095
Town hall / central services:					
Contractual services		175,250	177,650	177,039	611
Commodities		48,000	44,500	41,790	2,710
Capital		1,500	2,600	2,553	47
Total town hall / central services	_	224,750	224,750	221,382	3,368
Probate court	_	16,775	16,775	16,775	
Finance:					
Human services		618,500	627,900	627,795	105
Contractual services		71,000	64,900	64,737	163
Commodities		11,500	13,200	13,167	33
Total finance	_	701,000	706,000	705,699	301
Insurance and fringe benefits	_	5,145,800	5,049,200	4,781,573	267,627
Board of assessment appeals:					
Human services		200	200		200
Commodities		50	50		50
Total board of assessment appeals	_	250	250		250
Auditor		25,500	25,500	25,005	495
Other		220,000	73,455	73,400	55
Town clerk: Human services		140,900	144,155	144,150	5
Contractual services		275	225	225	-
Commodities		16,000	19.020	18.758	262
Total town clerk	_	157,175	163,400	163,133	267
Registrar of voters:					
Human services		39,536	39,976	39,974	2
Contractual services		250	365	352	13
Commodities		2,700	2,385	2,382	3
Total registrar of voters	_	42,486	42,726	42,708	18
Elections / referendum:					
Contractual services		17,000	23,045	23,044	1
Commodities		17,700	15,655	15,504	151
Total elections / referendum		34,700	38,700	38,548	152
Land use department:					
Human services		273,528	276,688	246,308	30,380
Contractual services		600	600	=	600
Commodities		14,500	10,840	2,859	7,981
Capital	_	800	1,300	1,103	197
Total land use department	_	289,428	289,428	250,270	39,158

	Budgeted Ar	nounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
General Government (continued)				
Conservation commission	\$\$_	700 \$	\$	3700
Inland wetlands	1,000	1,060	1,058	2
Economic development commission:				
Human services	800	1,230	1,230	-
Commodities	1,700	1,270	<u> </u>	1,270
Total economic development commission	2,500	2,500	1,230	1,270
Zoning board of appeals	600	600	266	334
Senior center:				
Human services	176,470	177,742	177,506	236
Contractual services	38,200	23,368	23,104	264
Commodities	16,900	30,460	29,819	641
Total senior center	231,570	231,570	230,429	1,141
Youth services:				
Human services	181,875	181,875	171,925	9,950
Contractual services	18,713	20,935	19,817	1,118
Commodities	5,230	3,008	2,177	831
Total youth services	205,818	205,818	193,919	11,899
Building inspector				
Human services	205,782	205,757	198,720	7,037
Contractual services	400	400	320	80
Commodities	2,650	2,675	1,583	1,092
Capital	350	350	, -	350
Total building inspector	209,182	209,182	200,623	8,559
Information technology:				
Human services	140,000	142,870	142,857	13
Contractual services	269,200	268,352	268,335	17
Commodities	7,300	8,148	8,118	30
Total information technology	416,500	419,370	419,310	60
Total general government	8,356,434	8,113,284	7,715,330	397,954
Public Safety				
Emergency management:				
Human services	98,350	98,350	77,859	20,491
Contractual services	15,000	15,000	13,884	1,116
Commodities	3,200	1,689	1,559	130
Capital		13,511	13,511	
Total emergency management	116,550	128,550	106,813	21,737
Police department:				
Human services	2,220,695	2,282,845	2,281,553	1,292
Contractual services	241,368	191,618	191,525	93
Commodities	96,730	134,260	133,657	603
Capital  Total police department		18,570 2,627,293	18,565 2,625,300	1,993
·	2,011,200	2,021,200	2,020,000	1,000
Fire marshal:	00.350	00 350	00.030	0 200
Human services Commodities	98,350 4,920	98,350 4,920	90,030 3,248	8,320 1,672
Total fire marshal	103,270	103,270	93,278	9,992
i otal III C III al Silai	103,210	103,210	33,210	5,992

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Animal control:					
Human services	\$	74,085 \$	78,095 \$	78,079 \$	
Contractual services		2,452	682	678	4
Commodities Total animal control	-	7,750 84,287	6,510 85,287	6,431 85,188	<u>79</u> 99
	_				
Public safety commission	_	1,000	1,000	923	77
Dispatch:					
Human services		390,860	439,960	439,493	467
Commodities		7,250	7,250	7,233	17
Total dispatch		398,110	447,210	446,726	484
Fire protection:					
Human services		975,000	985,393	985,092	301
Contractual services		364,000	364,002	364,000	2
Commodities Total fire protection	_	79,850 1,418,850	117,455 1,466,850	117,174 1,466,266	281 584
rotal life protection	_	1,410,000	1,400,630	1,400,200	304
Public safety building:		72.000	CO 045	00.000	42
Contractual services Commodities		73,000	69,845	69,832 5,742	13
Total public safety building	_	2,000 75.000	5,755 75,600	75,574	13 26
	_	73,000	73,000	13,314	
Private duty: Human services		105,000	252,000	251,844	156
numan services	_	105,000	252,000	251,044	130
Total public safety	_	4,879,360	5,187,060	5,151,912	35,148
Public work					
Public works:		4 504 705	4 474 405	4 457 000	10.010
Human services		1,564,765	1,471,465	1,457,823	13,642
Contractual services Commodities		409,600 914,000	420,200 988,100	329,581 900,879	90,619 87,221
Capital		10,400	19,000	18,852	148
Total public works	_	2,898,765	2,898,765	2,707,135	191,630
Camp Oakdale:					
Contractual services		75,300	72,900	55,157	17,743
Commodities		19,000	21,400	15,650	5,750
Capital		500	500		500
Total Camp Oakdale	_	94,800	94,800	70,807	23,993
Solid waste:					
Human services		162,000	168,300	164,895	3,405
Contractual services		750,000	720,775	705,849	14,926
Commodities Capital		43,450 6,000	47,975 24,400	26,275 12,269	21,700 12,131
Total solid waste	_	961,450	961,450	909,288	52,162
Engineering services	_	215,000	155,000	113,744	41,256
Total public works		4,170,015	4,110,015	3,800,974	309,041
	_	4,170,013	4,110,013	3,000,974	309,041
Health and Welfare Contractual services		192,456	192,456	177,485	14,971
Contractual services Commodities		700	700	177,465	14,971 576
Total health and welfare	_	193,156	193,156	177,609	15,547
Social Sorvings					
Social Services Human services		40,825	42,225	42,160	65
Commodities		275	275	207	68
Total social services		41,100	42,500	42,367	133
	_	,100	,000	.2,001	

	_	Budgeted Ar	nounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Recreation and Leisure					
Recreation: Human services	\$	234,275 \$	222,875 \$	199,436 \$	22.420
Contractual services	Ф	234,275 \$ 1,300	1,300	199,436 \$ 105	23,439 1,195
Commodities		44,875	45,275	17,509	27,766
Capital		3,000	14,000	13,621	379
Total recreation	_	283,450	283,450	230,671	52,779
Montville community center	_	26,900	26,900	20,558	6,342
Parks and recreation commission	_	1,000	1,550	1,510	40_
Total recreation and leisure	_	311,350	311,900	252,739	59,161
Non-profit organizations	_	74,300	74,300	74,300	
Education	_	39,271,804	39,271,804	38,757,141	514,663
Capital Outlay	_	500,000	500,000	487,861	12,139
Debt Service					
Redemption of debt - principle		4,389,624	4,389,624	4,389,623	1
Interest payments	_	683,556	689,056	688,796	260
Total debt service	_	5,073,180	5,078,680	5,078,419	261
Total Expenditures	_	62,870,699	62,882,699	61,538,652	1,344,047
Other Financing Uses:					
Transfers out - Capital and Nonrecurring			787,627	787,627	-
Transfers out - BOE NonLapsing	_		<del></del>	605,360	(605,360)
Total other financing uses	_	<u> </u>	787,627	1,392,987	(605,360)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ <u>_</u>	62,870,699 \$	63,670,326 \$	62,931,639 \$	738,687

### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Lawful Cor	rections					Collections		
Grand List of October 1,	Uncollected Taxes July 1, 2020	Current Levy	Additions	Deletions	Transfers to Suspense	Adjustments	Adjusted Tax Levy	Taxes	Interest Liens and Other Fees	Total	Uncollected Taxes June 30, 2021
2004 \$	1,621 \$	\$	\$	2,714 \$		\$ \$	(1,093) \$		\$	\$ - \$	(1,093)
2005	(3,180)			2,784			(5,964)			-	(5,964)
2006	(63)			3,128			(3,191)	(138)		(138)	(3,053)
2007	3,907			3,128	986		(207)	(197)	696	499	(10)
2008	4,500			3,192	1,075		233	(7)		(7)	240
2009	3,129			3,336	1,359		(1,566)	(28)	-	(28)	(1,538)
2010	5,179		51	3,426	2,038		(234)	3,221	3,594	6,815	(3,455)
2011	10,165			3,638	1,504		5,023	3,566	5,260	8,826	1,457
2012	22,577			3,605	3,222		15,750	4,537	6,302	10,839	11,213
2013	47,044			3,643	2,961		40,440	14,059	21,144	35,203	26,381
2014	154,900			3,803	82,755		68,342	21,165	22,485	43,650	47,177
2015	182,675			4,240	2,402		176,033	24,573	21,526	46,099	151,460
2016	183,643		91	4,608	2,129		176,997	31,018	20,173	51,191	145,979
2017	210,537		428	6,093	2,544		202,328	52,670	24,480	77,150	149,658
2018	609,733		1,963	43,174	2,875		565,647	342,349	92,922	435,271	223,298
Total Prior Years	1,436,367	-	2,533	94,512	105,850	-	1,238,538	496,788	218,582	715,370	741,750
2019		43,357,233	39,289	95,992	9,298		43,291,232	42,680,896	138,180	42,819,076	610,336
Total All Years \$	1,436,367 \$	43,357,233 \$	41,822 \$	190,504 \$	115,148	\$ <u> </u>	44,529,770 \$	43,177,684	\$ 356,762	43,534,446 \$	1,352,086

# **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_				Spo	ecial Revenue Fun	ds			
	-	Town Aid Road	Small Cities	Mental Health Grant	Hot Lunch Program	Special Education Grants	Student Activities	Scholarship Fund	Non Budget Funds	Social Services
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	\$	12,134 \$	\$	220,961 \$	44,894 \$	321,339 \$	185,291 390,830	\$	
Loans Intergovernmental			295,983		176,253	500				
Due from other funds Inventories	_	228,522		11,876	5,100				6,259	349,928
Total Assets	\$_	228,522 \$	308,117 \$	11,876 \$	402,314 \$	45,394 \$	321,339 \$	576,121	6,259 \$	349,928
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other liabilities Due to other funds	\$	28,614 \$	\$	445 \$	1,151 \$ 4,989	\$	\$		\$	7,909
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	-	28,614	305,771 305,771	3,810 4,255	27,736 33,876	136,948 136,948				7,909
Fund Balances:	_	20,011	000,111	1,200	00,0.0	.00,010				.,,,,,
Nonspendable Restricted		199,908	2,346	7,621	5,100			576,121		
Committed Unassigned					363,338	(91,554)	321,339		6,259	342,019
Total fund balances	_	199,908	2,346	7,621	368,438	(91,554)	321,339	576,121	6,259	342,019
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	228,522 \$	308,117 \$	11,876 \$	402,314 \$	45,394 \$	321,339 \$	576,121	6,259 \$	349,928

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_							Special Reve	enue Funds						
	_	Town Historic Preservation		Youth Service Bureau	_	Police Donations	_	Parks and Recreation	Dog Warden Donations		Montville Farmer's Market	_	Police Forfeiture		Comstock Book Fund
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Loans Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	8,286
Due from other funds Inventories	-	50,887	_	76,066		182	_	61,044	7	18	1,303	_	3,855		
Total Assets	\$_	50,887	\$_	76,066	\$	182	\$_	61,044 \$	7	<u>18</u> \$	1,303	\$_	3,855	\$_	8,286
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	1,527	\$ 		\$ 	4,746 \$ 4,746		\$ 		\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		50,887		74,539		182		56,298	7	18	1,303		3,855		8,286
Total fund balances	_	50,887	-	74,539	_	182	_	56,298	7	18	1,303	_	3,855	-	8,286
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	50,887	\$	76,066	\$	182	\$	61,044 \$	7	18 \$	1,303	\$_	3,855	\$	8,286

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Capital Project Funds															
	_	Road Bonding	Old Colchester/ Black Ash Road		ublic Works Facility provement	Transfer Station		LOCIP		Capital and Nonrecurring	Capital Projects Fund	Open Space		Bridges	Bridge St. Remediation	_	Total
ASSETS																	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	588,831	\$	\$	\$		\$		\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	1,381,736 390,830
Loans Intergovernmental Due from other funds Inventories	_	4,389,286	95,152		70,830	165,970		81,472		33,445 913,687	666,098	5,000	_	4,435 5,387	353		295,983 451,433 6,947,075 5,100
Total Assets	\$_	4,978,117	\$95,152	\$	70,830 \$	165,970	\$_	81,472	\$_	947,132 \$	666,098 \$	5,000	\$_	9,822	353	\$	9,472,157
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other liabilities	\$	48,846	\$	\$	\$	105.070	\$		\$	56,941 \$	785 \$		\$	\$	5	\$	150,964 4,989
Due to other funds Unearned revenue			95,152		70,828	165,970											236,798 569,417
Total liabilities	_	48,846	95,152	- —	70,828	165,970	_	-	_	56,941	785		-	-		_	962,168
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted																	5,100 851,227
Committed Unassigned		4,929,271			2			81,472		890,191	665,313	5,000		9,822	353		7,745,216 (91,554)
Total fund balances	_	4,929,271		_	2	-		81,472		890,191	665,313	5,000		9,822	353	_	8,509,989
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,978,117	\$ 95,152	\$	70,830 \$	165,970	\$	81,472	\$	947,132 \$	666,098 \$	5,000	\$	9,822	353	\$	9,472,157

## TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Special Revenu	e Funds			
	Town Aid Road	Small Cities	Mental Health Grant	Hot Lunch Program	Special Education Grants	Student Activities	Scholarship Fund	Non Budget Funds	Social Services
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income Contributions and other	\$ 320,303	\$	\$ 6,344	31,292		208,458	\$ 102,170 2,880	\$ 31,167	\$ 75,150 24,412 43,101
Total revenues  Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works	320,303 432,679	1,000	6,344	701,580	1,489,987	208,458	105,050	31,167 29,917	142,663
Health and welfare Recreation and leisure Education Capital outlay Debt Service			1,943	722,872	1,581,541	202,718	4,998	2,500	101,007
Total expenditures	432,679	1,000	1,943	722,872	1,581,541	202,718	4,998	32,417	101,007
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(112,376)	(1,000)	4,401	(21,292)	(91,554)	5,740	100,052	(1,250)	41,656
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of bonds Premium on issuance of bonds Capital lease issuance Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balances	(112,376)	(1,000)	4,401	(21,292)	(91,554)	5,740	100,052	(1,250)	41,656
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	312,284	3,346	3,220	389,730		315,599	476,069	7,509	300,363
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 199,908	\$	\$7,621	\$368,438_	\$ (91,554)	\$321,339	\$ 576,121	\$6,259	\$342,019

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Special Revenu	ue Funds			
	<u> P</u>	Town Historic reservation	Youth Service Bureau	Police Donations	Parks and Recreation	Dog Warden Donations	Montville Farmer's Market	Police Forfeiture	Comstock Book Fund
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	\$	19,470 \$	24,797	\$	\$ 75,053	\$	\$ 335	\$	\$
Investment income Contributions and other				260		917			19
Total revenues	_	19,470	24,797	260	75,053	917	335		19
Expenditures:									
General government Public safety		5,500	19,588	1,542		2,126	705		1,186
Public works				1,342		2,120			
Health and welfare									
Recreation and leisure					56,342				
Education Capital outlay									
Debt Service									
Total expenditures	_	5,500	19,588	1,542	56,342	2,126	705		1,186
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		40.070	5.000	(4.000)	10 711	(4.000)	(070)		(4.40=)
over Expenditures		13,970	5,209	(1,282)	18,711	(1,209)	(370)		(1,167)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of bonds									
Premium on issuance of bonds									
Capital lease issuance Transfers in									
Transfers out									
Total other financing sources (uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balances		13,970	5,209	(1,282)	18,711	(1,209)	(370)	-	(1,167)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated		36,917	69,330	1,464	37,587	1,927	1,673	3,855	9,453
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	50,887	74,539	\$182_	\$56,298_	\$	\$1,303_	\$3,855_	\$8,286_

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Capital Project Funds										
	_	Road Bonding	Old Colchester/ Black Ash Road	Public Works Facility Improvement	Transfer Station	LOCIP	Capital and Nonrecurring	Capital Projects Fund	Open Space	Bridges	Bridge St. Remediation	Total
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income Contributions and other Total revenues	\$	28	\$ 	\$ 69,931	\$ 	7,410	\$ 122,850	\$		\$ 63,334 5,000 68,334	\$	2,837,657 402,924 102,217 52,158 3,394,956
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Recreation and leisure Education Capital outlay Debt Service Total expenditures		1,184,345 58,250 1,242,595		69,929			508,953 508,953	212,544		63,334	6,297	27,979 33,585 432,679 102,950 58,842 2,512,129 2,045,402 58,250 5,271,816
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(1,242,567)		2		7,410	(386,103)	(212,544)		5,000	(6,297)	(1,876,860)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of bonds Premium on issuance of bonds Capital lease issuance Transfers in		3,300,000 255,140 950,000					787,627	106,772				3,300,000 255,140 950,000 894,399
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	_	4,505,140					787,627	106,772				5,399,539
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,262,573	-	2	-	7,410	401,524	(105,772)	-	5,000	(6,297)	3,522,679
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	1,666,698				74,062	488,667	771,085	5,000	4,822	6,650	4,987,310
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	4,929,271	\$	\$2	\$ <u> </u>	81,472	\$ 890,191	\$ 665,313	5,000	\$ 9,822	\$ 353 \$	8,509,989

### **Statistical Section**

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT
ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (UNAUDITED)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(In Thousands)

Grand List Dated 10/1	Real Property Percent	 Personal Property Percent	 Motor Vehicle Percent	 Gross Taxable Grand List (1)	 Less Exemptions (1)	 Net Taxable Grand List (1)	Percent Change
2010	82.9	\$ 9.2	\$ 7.9	\$ 1,745,512	\$ 213,719	\$ 1,531,793	1.01%
2011	79.7	10.5	9.8	1,531,006	222,785	1,308,221	-17.09%
2012	82.6	7.4	10.0	1,602,427	347,898	1,254,529	-4.28%
2013	82.1	7.8	10.1	1,605,569	346,271	1,259,298	0.38%
2014	76.8	13.7	9.5	1,619,701	350,045	1,269,656	0.82%
2015	81.1	8.9	10.0	1,636,050	355,646	1,280,404	0.84%
2016	78.3	11.2	10.5	1,640,413	369,988	1,270,425	-0.79%
2017	77.6	11.9	10.4	1,656,074	367,257	1,288,817	1.43%
2018	77.4	12.0	10.5	1,666,847	367,643	1,299,204	0.80%
2019	77.7	13.7	8.6	1,713,751	369,461	1,344,290	3.35%

(1) In thousands

Source: Town of Montville, Office of the Assessor

#### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT **MAJOR TAXPAYERS (UNAUDITED)** 2019 GRAND LIST

Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business		Grand List Amount (1)	Percentage of Net Taxable Grand List (2)
Eversource	Utility	\$	105,943,630	7.88%
Montville Station LLC	Utility		12,959,315	0.96%
Montville Power LLC	Utility		12,205,840	0.91%
Home Depot USA Inc.	Retail Shopping Center		10,657,750	0.79%
Rand Whitney Containerboard LTD	Paper / Paperboard		9,611,766	0.72%
Algonquin Gas Transmission LLC	Utility		9,474,370	0.70%
Yankee Gas Services Company	Utility		8,649,820	0.64%
Bank of America NA	Hotel		8,474,090	0.63%
Jensen's Inc.	Active Adult Community		6,499,390	0.48%
KVNRB LLC	Hotel	-	6,356,930	0.47%
Total		\$	190,832,901	14.20%

<sup>(1)</sup> Net taxable grand list 10/1/19(2) Net taxable grand list as of 10/1/19 was \$1,344,290,534Source: Town of Montville, Office of the Assessor

## TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Grand		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				Collections		Tax Collections to Date				
Ended June 30,	List Year	Adjusted Tax Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy	iı	in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy			
<u>danc do,</u>	1001	Tux Levy	_	Amount			- rears	-	Amount	OI LOVY			
2012	2010	\$ 35,089,735	\$	33,078,939	94.27%	\$	1,854,109	\$	34,933,048	99.55%			
2013	2011	38,212,245		36,735,621	96.14%		1,252,367		37,987,988	99.41%			
2014	2012	36,173,699		35,271,962	97.51%		458,239		35,730,201	98.77%			
2015	2013	36,794,710		35,912,024	97.60%		499,922		36,411,946	98.96%			
2016	2014	37,925,442		37,067,885	97.74%		341,352		37,409,237	98.64%			
2017	2015	38,989,997		38,044,641	97.58%		586,751		38,631,392	99.08%			
2018	2016	40,017,994		39,214,729	97.99%		789,169		40,003,898	99.96%			
2019	2017	40,671,178		40,007,599	98.37%		728,358		40,735,957	100.16%			
2020	2018	42,007,460		41,397,727	98.55%		496,788		41,894,515	99.73%			
2021	2019	43,291,232		42,680,896	98.59%		-		42,680,896	98.59%			

Source: Town audit reports

Fiscal Year June 30,		Total Bonded Debt	 Clean Water Fund Notes	 Total Net Bonded Debt	 Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Est. Actual Taxable Value *	Percentage of Personal Income**	Per Capita **
Governmental A	Activi	ties:					
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	46,177,600 43,484,200 40,650,200 37,631,200 34,937,500 31,723,800 28,293,300 27,369,000 23,380,000 22,576,000	\$	\$ 46,177,600 43,484,200 40,650,200 37,631,200 34,937,500 31,723,800 28,293,300 27,369,000 23,380,000 22,576,000	3.01% 3.32% 3.24% 2.99% 2.75% 2.48% 2.23% 2.12% 1.80% 1.68%	8.68% \$ 7.41% 7.17% 5.23% 5.61% 5.46% 4.73% 4.58% 3.69% 3.57%	2,472 2,207 2,084 1,929 1,779 1,621 1,451 1,403 1,196 1,155
Business-type A	Activi			22,370,000	1.00 /0	3.37 //	1,133
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	2,922,400 2,745,800 2,534,800 2,263,800 1,966,500 1,669,200 1,373,700 1,080,000 990,000	\$ 245,631 224,008 213,623 203,026 192,515 181,184 169,933	\$ 2,922,400 2,745,800 2,534,800 2,509,431 2,190,508 1,882,823 1,576,726 1,272,515 1,171,184 1,069,933	0.19% 0.21% 0.20% 0.20% 0.17% 0.15% 0.12% 0.10% 0.09% 0.08%	0.55% \$ 0.47% 0.45% 0.35% 0.35% 0.32% 0.26% 0.21% 0.18% 0.17%	156 139 130 129 112 96 81 65 60 55
Town-wide:  2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	49,100,000 46,230,000 43,185,000 39,895,000 36,904,000 33,393,000 29,667,000 28,449,000 24,370,000 23,476,000	\$ 245,631 224,008 213,623 203,026 192,515 181,184 169,933	\$ 49,100,000 46,230,000 43,185,000 40,140,631 37,128,008 33,606,623 29,870,026 28,641,515 24,551,184 23,645,933	3.21% 3.53% 3.44% 3.19% 2.92% 2.62% 2.35% 2.22% 1.89% 1.76%	9.23% \$ 7.88% 7.62% 5.58% 5.96% 5.78% 4.99% 4.79% 3.88% 3.73%	2,628 2,346 2,214 2,057 1,891 1,717 1,531 1,468 1,256 1,210

#### Notes:

Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Town of Montville has no overlapping debt nor does it collect taxes for any other entity.

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 1 for property value data.

\*\* Personal income and population data can be found in Table 5.

### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year June 30,	Population <sup>1</sup>	Personal Income (000)s		_	Personal Capita Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Median Age <sup>1</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>3</sup>	
2012	18,680	\$	532,044	\$	28,482	39	9.0%	
2013	19,703		586,696		29,777	42	8.0%	
2014	19,505		566,640		29,051	42	6.7%	
2015	19,511		719,780		36,891	40	6.0%	
2016	19,635		623,278		31,743	43	4.2%	
2017	19,571		581,043		29,689	43	4.3%	
2018	19,505		598,199		30,669	43	4.3%	
2019	19,505		598,199		30,669	42	3.2%	
2020	19,546		633,251		32,398	42	8.6%	
2021	19,546		633,251		32,398	42	8.6%	

- 1 CT Economic Resource Center Inc., Annual Town Profile
- 2 State of Connecticut, Department of Economic and Community Development
- 3 State of Connecticut, Labor Department, By Town, Not Seasonally Adjusted

#### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total Tax Collections, (Including Interest and Lien Fees) For the year ended June 30, 2020

Taxes, interest and lien fees

42,501,575

	_	General Purposes	Schools	_	Sewers		Urban Renewal	 Pension Deficit		Total
Debt Limitation: 2.25 times base 4.50 times base	\$	95,628,544 \$	191,257,088	\$		\$		\$	\$	95,628,544 191,257,088
3.75 times base 3.25 times base 3 times base	_			_	159,380,906		138,130,119	 127,504,725		159,380,906 138,130,119 127,504,725
Total debt limitation	_	95,628,544	191,257,088	_	159,380,906		138,130,119	 127,504,725		711,901,381
Indebtedness: Bonds payable Capital leases Authorized, but unissued debt		15,630,750 1,854,406 7,500,000	5,692,850							21,323,600 1,854,406 7,500,000
Less anticipated grant proceeds  Total indebtedness	<del>-</del>	24,985,156	(1,163,251) 4,529,599	-	-		-	 -		(1,163,251) 29,514,755
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$ <sub>_</sub>	70,643,388 \$	186,727,489	\$_	159,380,906	\$_	138,130,119	\$ 127,504,725	\$_	682,386,626

#### Notes:

- 1. In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$ 297,511,025
- 2. There is no overlapping debt for the Town of Montville.
- 3. Water bonds, notes, and capital leases of \$2,346,692 have been omitted from this schedule as the debt is self supporting and or excluded by statute.

#### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF SEWER ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS - PHASE II (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Uncollected		Lawful Co	orrections					
Year Ended June 30,	Assessments Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Adjusted Assessments Collectible	Assessments Collected	Interest Liens and Other Fees	Total	Uncollected Assessments at Year End
2002	\$ 3,274,736	\$ 61 \$	1,424	\$ 3,273,373 \$	422,036 \$	258,963 \$	680,999 \$	2,851,337
2003	2,851,337		4,108	2,847,229	466,519	297,766	764,285	2,380,710
2004	2,380,710	65	3,584	2,377,191	323,598	15,781	339,379	2,053,593
2005	2,053,593	218		2,053,811	299,662	138,600	438,262	1,754,149
2006	1,754,149	24	46,244	1,707,929	367,903	91,784	459,687	1,340,026
2007	1,340,026	142		1,340,168	260,239	74,600	334,839	1,079,929
2008	1,079,929		2,702	1,077,227	211,382	64,108	275,490	865,845
2009	865,845		4,106	861,739	184,117	41,507	225,624	677,622
2010	677,622		175	677,447	189,341	31,885	221,226	488,106
2011	488,106	20		488,126	154,173	25,776	179,949	333,953
2012	333,953		20	333,933	138,002	21,363	159,365	195,931
2013	195,931		1,338	194,593	134,573	9,246	143,819	60,020
2014	60,020			60,020	18,244	4,376	22,620	41,776
2015	41,776		5,971	35,805	8,041	7,535	15,576	27,764
2016	27,764			27,764	4,707	7,534	12,241	23,057
2017	23,057			23,057	2,152	3,075	5,227	20,905
2018	20,905			20,905	2,163	3,651	5,814	18,742
2019	18,742			18,742	2,909	8,267	11,176	15,833
2020	15,833			15,833	537	1,563	2,100	15,296
2021	15,296			15,296			-	15,296

#### TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF SEWER ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS - PHASE IV (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Uncollected	Lawfu	I Corrections			Collections				
Year Ended June 30,	Assessments Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Adjusted Assessments Collectible	Assessments Collected	Interest Liens and Other Fees	Total	Uncollected Assessments at Year End		
2002	\$ 154,119	\$	\$	\$ 154,119	\$ 15,255 \$	7,520 \$	22,775	138,864		
2003	138,864			138,864	18,057	5,775	23,832	120,807		
2004	120,807			120,807	11,026	4,686	15,712	109,781		
2005	109,781			109,781	12,041	4,836	16,877	97,740		
2006	97,740		14,521	83,219	26,527	13,500	40,027	56,692		
2007	56,692			56,692	10,359	2,638	12,997	46,333		
2008	46,333			46,333	8,714	1,896	10,610	37,619		
2009	37,619			37,619	12,898	1,829	14,727	24,721		
2010	24,721			24,721	8,811	1,720	10,531	15,910		
2011	15,910	82		15,992	9,319	1,528	10,847	6,673		
2012	6,673			6,673	537	268	805	6,136		
2013	6,136			6,136	1,967	2,686	4,653	4,169		
2014	4,169			4,169	927	468	1,395	3,242		
2015	3,242			3,242	463	178	641	2,779		
2016	2,779			2,779	463	153	616	2,316		
2017	2,316			2,316	463	127	590	1,853		
2018	1,853			1,853	463	102	565	1,390		
2019	1,390			1,390	463	76	539	927		
2020	927			927	464	51	515	463		
2021	463			463			-	463		

