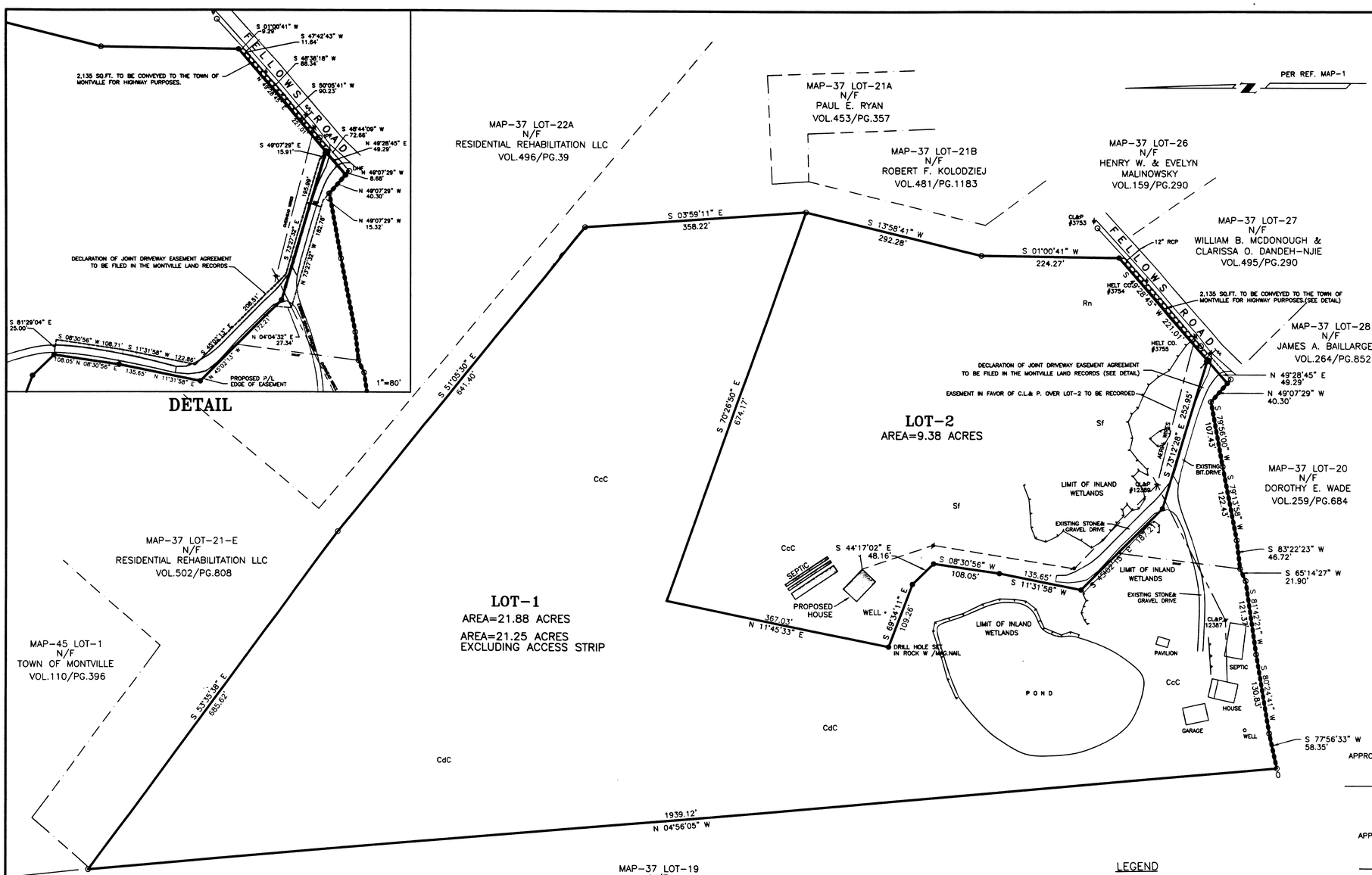
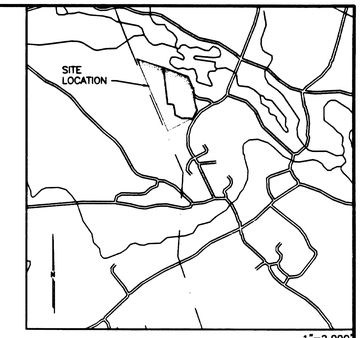




LOCATION PLAN

NOTES:

1. This survey has been prepared pursuant to the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Sections 20-300b-1 through 20-300b-20 and the "Standards for Surveys and Maps in the State of Connecticut" as adopted by the Connecticut Association of Land Surveyors, Inc. on September 26, 1996;
   - Survey Type: SUBDIVISION
   - This survey conforms to a Class "A-2" horizontal accuracy
   - Boundary Determination Category: ORIGINAL and DEPENDENT RESURVEY
   - This survey conforms to a Class "T-2 V-3" vertical accuracy
   - Vertical Datum Approximate is NGVD 1929±
2. Land records research completed as of November 2009
3. Field work completed as of 11-30-2009
4. Reference deed for locus parcel VOL.336/PG.823.
5. Not valid without a live signature and embossed seal.
6. Locus parcel located within an R-120 Zoning District.
7. LOCUS PARCEL NOT LOCATED IN 100 YEAR FLOOD ZONE-A.
9. TOTAL AREA OF THE SUBDIVISION IS 31.25±ACRES.
10. THE TIME LIMIT FOR COMPLETION OF ALL WORK RELATED TO THE SUBDIVISION SHALL BE COMPLETED IN FULL, WITHIN 5 YEARS OF THE APPROVAL DATE.
11. THE LAYOUT OF THE DRIVEWAY, HOUSE, SEPTIC AND WELL SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE CONCEPTUAL. A SEPTIC DESIGN WILL BE NEEDED BEFORE CONSTRUCTION.
12. THE OWNER AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING THE ENVIRONMENTAL INTEGRITY OF THE LAND. THE OWNER OF EACH LOT WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED.
13. PROPERTY LINE GEOMETRY CLOSURES COMPUTED 12-3-2009
14. This survey is based exclusively on accepted standards of surveying practice and does not express any opinion regarding the existence or validity of any unrecorded and/or disputed rights that may result from adverse possession, adverse use, prescription, abandonment, implication, necessity, estoppel, or any other principles of law or judicial interpretation that are not readily apparent from a review of the clear language of the deeds and other instruments that form the basis of this survey. Similarly, the inclusion or omission in this survey of any reference, description, landmark, structure, object, or other physical feature should not be construed as an opinion of the legal significance or insignificance of any such reference, description, landmark, structure, object, or other physical feature.
15. OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS PER SECTION 8-25 OF THE CT. STATE STATUTES SHALL NOT APPLY IN THE TRANSFER OF LOT-2 TO SON (PARENTS) PER SAID STATUTE.

APPROVED BY THE INLAND WETLANDS AND WATERCOURSES COMMISSION ON _____ DATE:

N/A

CHAIRPERSON OR SECRETARY

APPROVED BY THE MONTVILLE PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION ON 9/22/10 DATE:

Alan Manus

CHAIRPERSON OR SECRETARY

ALL WORK SHOWN AS PART OF THIS PLAN SHALL BE COMPLETED BY 7/27/15 DATE!

Received For Record January 25, 2011 at 11:48am
Eric Thoroux, Town Clerk

APPROVED BY THE UNCAS HEALTH DISTRICT ON 9-2-10 DATE:

Michael J. Kulp, R.S.

LEGEND

	UTILITY POLE
	SIGN
	STONE WALL
N/F	NOW OR FORMERLY
○	SURVEY MARKER FOUND
●	SURVEY MARKER SET

80 0 80 160 240 Feet

SOILS LEGEND

CdC CANTON AND CHARLTON
EXTREMELY STONY FINE SANDY LOAMS
8-15% SLOPE

CcC CANTON AND CHARLTON
VERY STONY FINE SANDY LOAMS
8-15% SLOPE

Sf SCARBORO MUCKY FINE SANDY LOAM
Level, very poorly drained soil
0-3% slope.

Rn RIDGEBURY, LEICESTER, AND WHITMAN
Extremely stony fine sandy loams
This soil is level sloping and very poorly drained
0-3% slope.

REFERENCE MAP

1. "PROPERTY SURVEY LOTS 21,21E & 22A PROPERTIES OF ROGER J. VIENS & ROGER VIENS, JR. FELLOWS ROAD MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT 1"=100' JANUARY 1998 #1542
2. "SUBDIVISION OF LAND OWNED BY A. FERDMAN AND J.LEVIN TO BE DEVELOPED BY MONTVILLE, CONN TO BE DEVELOPMENT CORP. P.O. BOX 120 OAKDALE, CONN.

THE WETLANDS SOIL BOUNDARIES AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WERE DELINEATED BY ME IN THE FIELD, AND THOSE WETLAND BOUNDARIES AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN SUBSTANTIALLY REPRESENT THAT DELINEATION.

JOSEPH THEROUX
SOIL SCIENTIST

ORIGINAL INK MYLAR MADE BY ERIC SEITZ

ERIC SEITZ LAND SURVEYING, INC.
P.O. Box 199
Jewett City, CT 06351
Eric Seitz, L.S.
President
(860) 376-3349

STATE OF CONNECTICUT LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR CORPORATION

OWNER:
ROBERT G.& DIXIE L. MEYER

APPLICANT:
ROBERT G.& DIXIE L. MEYER
55 FELLOWS ROAD
MONTVILLE CONNECTICUT

ORIGINAL INK MYLAR MADE BY ERIC SEITZ

To my knowledge and belief, this map is substantially correct as noted hereon.

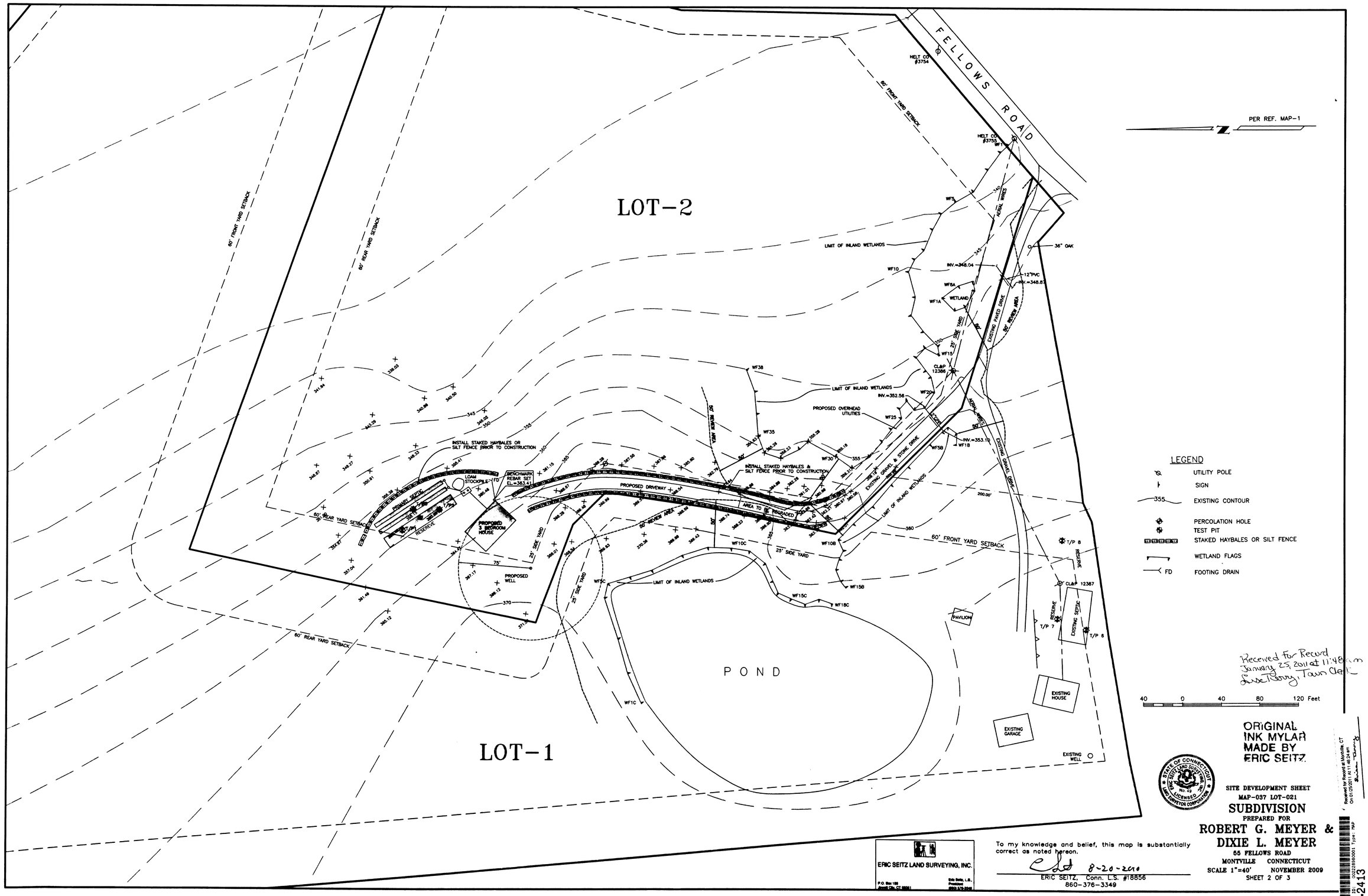
8-20-2010
ERIC SEITZ, Conn. L.S. #18856
860-376-3349

LOT LAYOUT SHEET
MAP-037 LOT-021
SUBDIVISION
PREPARED FOR
ROBERT G. MEYER & DIXIE L. MEYER
55 FELLOWS ROAD
MONTVILLE CONNECTICUT
SCALE 1"=80' NOVEMBER 2009
SHEET 1 OF 3
REV. 4-13-2010 REV. 7-23-2010

Received for Record at Montville, CT
On 01/25/2011 At 11:48 am
Eric Thoroux, Town Clerk

Doc ID: 002228970001 Type: MAP
File 2412

DRAWING NUMBER 2412
SAFCO PRODUCTS • NEW HOPE, MINNESOTA
REORDER BY PART NUMBER 6506



Received for Record
January 25, 2011 at 11:48 am
Lisa Terry, Town Clerk

ORIGINAL
INK MYLAR
MADE BY
ERIC SEITZ

SITE DEVELOPMENT SHEET
MAP-037 LOT-021
SUBDIVISION
PREPARED FOR
ROBERT G. MEYER &
DIXIE L. MEYER
55 FELLOWS ROAD
MONTVILLE CONNECTICUT
SCALE 1"=40' NOVEMBER 2009
SHEET 2 OF 3

To my knowledge and belief, this map is substantially correct as noted hereon.

8-20-2010
ERIC SEITZ, Conn. L.S. #18856
860-376-3349

ERIC SEITZ LAND SURVEYING, INC.
P.O. Box 186
Jewett City, CT 06351
Eric Seitz, L.S.
President
860-376-3349

Received for Record at Montville, CT
On 01/25/2011 At 11:46:24 am
Lisa Terry

Doc ID: 002228980001 Type: MAP
File 2413

DRAWING NUMBER
SAFCO PRODUCTS • NEW HOPE, MINNESOTA
REORDER BY PART NUMBER 8552

DRAWING NUMBER
2413
SAFCO PRODUCTS • NEW HOPE, MINNESOTA
REORDER BY PART NUMBER 8552

DRAWING NUMBER
SAFCO PRODUCTS • NEW HOPE, MINNESOTA
REORDER BY PART NUMBER 8552

DRAWING NUMBER
SAFCO PRODUCTS • NEW HOPE, MINNESOTA
REORDER BY PART NUMBER 8552

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN:

REFERENCE IS MADE TO:

1. Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control 2002 (2002 Guidelines).

2. Soil Survey of New London County Connecticut, U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service 1983.

DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN:

1. Development of the site will be performed by the Contractor, who will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of erosion and sediment control measures required throughout construction.

2. The sedimentation control mechanisms shall remain in place from start of construction until permanent vegetation has been established. The representative for the Town of Montville will be notified when sediment and erosion control structures are initially in place. Any additional soil & erosion control measures requested by the Town or its agent, shall be installed immediately. Once the proposed development, seeding and planting have been completed, the representative shall again be notified to inspect the site. The control measures will not be removed until this inspection is complete.

3. All stripping is to be confined to the immediate construction area. Topsoil shall be stockpiled so that slopes do not exceed 2 to 1. A hay bale sediment barrier is to surround each stockpile and a temporary vegetative cover shall be provided.

4. Dust control will be accomplished by spraying with water. The application of calcium chloride is not permitted adjacent to wetland resource areas or within 100' of these areas.

5. The proposed planting schedule is to be adhered to during the planting of disturbed areas throughout the proposed construction site.

6. Final stabilization of the site is to follow the procedures outlined in "Permanent Vegetative Cover". If necessary a temporary vegetative cover is to be provided until a permanent cover can be applied.

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE:

1. Dig a 6" deep trench on the uphill side of the barrier location.

2. Position the posts on the downhill side of the barrier and drive the posts 1.5 feet into the ground.

3. Lay the bottom 6" of the fabric in the trench to prevent undermining and backfill.

4. Inspect and repair barrier after heavy rainfall.

5. Inspections will be made at least once per week and within 24 hours of the end of a storm with a rainfall amount of 0.5 inch or greater to determine maintenance needs.

6. Sediment deposits are to be removed when they reach a height of 1 foot behind the barrier or half the height of the barrier and are to be deposited in an area which is not regulated by the inland wetlands commission.

7. Replace or repair the fence within 24 hours of observed failure. Failure of the fence has occurred when sediment fails to be retained by the fence because:
- the fence has been overtopped, undercut or bypassed by runoff water,
- the fence has been moved out of position (knocked over), or
- the geotextile has decomposed or been damaged.

HAY BALE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE:

1. Bales shall be placed as shown on the plans with the ends of the bales tightly abutting each other.

2. Each bale shall be securely anchored with at least 2 stakes and gaps between bales shall be wedged with straw to prevent water from passing between the bales.

3. Inspect bales at least once per week and within 24 hours of the end of a storm with a rainfall amount of 0.5 inches or greater to determine maintenance needs.

4. Remove sediment behind the bales when it reaches half the height of the bale and deposit in an area which is not regulated by the Inland Wetlands Commission.

5. Replace or repair the barrier within 24 hours of observed failure. Failure of the barrier has occurred when sediment fails to be retained by the barrier because:
- the barrier has been overtopped, undercut or bypassed by runoff water,
- the barrier has been moved out of position, or
- the hay bales have deteriorated or been damaged.

TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER:

SEED SELECTION

Grass species shall be appropriate for the season and site conditions. Appropriate species are outlined in Figure TS-2 in the 2002 Guidelines.

TIMING CONSIDERATIONS

Seed with a temporary seed mixture within 7 days after the suspension of grading work in disturbed areas where the suspension of work is expected to be more than 30 days but less than 1 year.

SITE PREPARATION

Install needed erosion control measures such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, sediment basins and grassed waterways.

Grade according to plans and allow for the use of appropriate equipment for seedbed preparation, seeding, mulch application, and mulch anchoring.

SEEDBED PREPARATION

Loosen the soil to a depth of 3-4 inches with a slightly roughened surface. If the area has been recently loosened or disturbed, no further roughening is required. Soil preparation can be accomplished by tracking with a bulldozer, discing, harrowing, raking or dragging with a section of chain link fence. Avoid excessive compaction of the surface by equipment traveling back and forth over the surface. If the slope is tracked, the cleat marks shall be perpendicular to the anticipated direction of the flow of surface water.

If soil testing is not practical or feasible on small or variable sites, or where timing is critical, fertilizer may be applied at the rate of 300 pounds per acre or 7.5 pounds per 1,000 square feet of 10-10-10 or equivalent. Additionally, lime may be applied using rates given in Figure TS-1 in the 2002 Guidelines.

SEEDING

Apply seed uniformly by hand cyclone seeder, drill, cultipacker type seeder or hydroseeder at a minimum rate for the selected species. Increase seeding rates by 10% when hydroseeding.

MULCHING

Temporary seedings made during optimum seeding dates shall be mulched according to the recommendations in the 2002 Guidelines. When seeding outside of the recommended dates, increase the application of mulch to provide 95%-100% coverage.

MAINTENANCE

Inspect seeded area at least once a week and within 24 hours of the end of a storm with a rainfall amount of 0.5 inch or greater for seed and mulch movement and rill erosion.

Where seed has moved or where soil erosion has occurred, determine the cause of the failure. Repair eroded areas and install additional controls if required to prevent reoccurrence of erosion.

Continue inspections until the grasses are firmly established. Grasses shall not be considered established until a ground cover is achieved which is mature enough to control soil erosion and to survive severe weather conditions (approximately 80% vegetative cover).

PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER:

Refer to Permanent Seeding Measure in the 2002 Guidelines for specific applications and details related to the installation and maintenance of a permanent vegetative cover. In general, the following sequence of operations shall apply:

1. Topsoil will be replaced once the excavation and grading has been completed. Topsoil will be spread at a minimum compacted depth of 4".

2. Once the topsoil has been spread, all stones 2" or larger in any dimension will be removed as well as debris.

3. Apply agricultural ground limestone at a rate of 2 tons per acre or 100 lbs. per 1000 s.f. Apply 10-10-10 fertilizer or equivalent at a rate of 300 lbs. per acre or 7.5 lbs. per 1000 s.f. Work lime and fertilizer into the soil to a depth of 4".

4. Inspect seedbed before seeding. If traffic has compacted the soil, retill compacted areas.

5. Apply the chosen grass seed mix. The recommended seeding dates are: April 1 to June 15 & August 15 - October 1.

6. Following seeding, firm seedbed with a roller. Mulch immediately following seeding. If a permanent vegetative stand cannot be established by September 30, apply a temporary cover on the topsoil such as netting, mat or organic mulch.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

PROPOSED ONE THREE BEDROOM HOUSE TO BE CONSTRUCTED ON A 21 ACRE LOT, WITH ON SITE SEPTIC SYSTEM AND WELL. AREA TO BE DISTURBED IS APPROXIMATELY 1/4 OF AN ACRE.

DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE/SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS:

1. Flag the limits of disturbance an schedule preconstruction meeting with Town of Montville Planning Department.

2. Cut trees within the defined clearing limits and remove the cut wood.

3. Install perimeter erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with the site development plan.

4. Chip brush and slash, stockpile chips for use on site or remove off site.

5. Excavate area of proposed driveway.

6. Remove tree stumps and dispose of at an approved disposal site. Alternatively, stumps may be chipped in place. No stumps shall be buried on site.

7. Strip and stockpile organic material that is within the footprint of the drive. Surround stockpile with silt fence or staked haybales, and apply temporary seeding in accordance with recommended mixtures. Divert runoff around the perimeter of the stockpile.

8. Make all required cuts and fills. Establish the subgrade for the driveway as required and install additional erosion controls as necessary.

9. Inspect perimeter erosion and sedimentation controls weekly and after rain events in excess of 0.5". Repair any damaged controls and provide additional erosion control devices as necessary to address areas of concentrated runoff that may develop as a result of the construction activities. The contractor shall review discharge conditions with the design engineer or the Town of Montville prior to installing additional erosion controls. Apply water as necessary for dust control.

10. Prepare sub-base for driveway & install top course.

11. Place topsoil where required and apply seed and mulch

12. Remove and dispose of all silt fence and hay bales after all areas have been stabilized to the satisfaction of the Town of Montville.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR E&S MAINTENANCE:

ROBERT G.& DIXIE L. MEYER
55 FELLOWS ROAD
MONTVILLE CONNECTICUT

New England Wetmix (Wetland Seed Mix)

Wetland Seed Mix contains a wide variety of native seeds that are suitable for most wetland restoration sites that are not permanently inundated. All species are best suited to moist disturbed ground as found in most wet meadows, scrub shrub, or forested wetland restoration areas. This mix is well suited for detention basin borders, and the bottom of detention basins not generally under standing water. If planted during the fall months, the seed mix will germinate the following spring. During the first season of growth, several species will produce seeds, while other species will produce seeds after the second growing season. This mix is composed of the wetland species most likely to grow in created/restored wetlands and should produce more than 75% ground cover in two full growing seasons.

Seeding: The wetland seeds in this mix can be hand sown, used with a hand-held spreader, or hydro-seeded on large or hard to reach sites, as long as there is no permanent snow cover. Lightly rake to ensure proper soil-seed contact. Seeding can take place on frozen soil, as the freezing, thawing weather of late fall and late winter will work the seed into the soil. If spring conditions are drier than usual, watering may be required. If planting during the summer months, watering may be required for at least 2-3 weeks after planting to ensure germination. Anon-invasive annual such as winter rye may be added to the mix to obtain soil stabilization cover in the fall. Do not add annual ryegrass, Kentucky Bluegrass or perennial ryegrass as these species are very aggressive and they will inhibit the growth of the wetland seeds. A light mulch of clean, weed free straw is recommended.

Application Rate: 1 LB/2500 SQ. FT. (17.5 LBS/ACRE as a wet meadow seeding)

Species: Fox Sedge (Carex vulpinoidea), Bearded Sedge (Carex comosa), Lurid Sedge (Carex lurida), Soft Rush (Juncus effusus), Grass-leaved Goldenrod (Euthamia graminifolia), Boneset (Eupatorium perfoliatum), Hop Sedge (Carex lupulina), Blue Vervain (Verbena hastata), Nodding Sedge (Carex gynandra), Green Bulrush (Scirpus atrovirens), Sensitive Fern (Onoclea sensibilis), Blue Flag Iris (Iris versicolor), Woolgrass (Scirpus cyperinus), Spotted Joe Pye weed (Eupatorium maculatum), Swamp Milkweed (Asclepias incarnata), Monkey Flower (Mimulus ringens), Soft-Stem Bulrush (Shoenoplectus tabernaemontani) (ex- S. validus), Hardstem Bulrush (Schoenoplectus acutus) (ex-Scirpus acutus), Nodding Bur Marigold (Bidens cernua), Flat-top Aster (Aster umbellatus).

Uncas Health District

SITE INVESTIGATION FOR SUBSURFACE SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Owner: Bob Meyer Location: 55 Fellows Road, 1 lot subdivision

Deep Test Hole Data/Soil Descriptions
(Record All Test Holes)

DATE: 11-24-09

Test Hole # A	Test Hole # B	Test Hole # C	Test Hole #
0-8"Topsoil 8-28" Brown fine sandy loam 28-68" Light brown sand and gravel	0-11"Topsoil 11-25" Brown fine sandy loam 25-72" Light brown sand and gravel	0-10"Topsoil 10-27" Brown fine sandy loam 27-73" Light brown sand and gravel	
Mottling: 37"	Mottling:	Mottling:	Mottling: —
GW. —	GW. —	GW. —	GW. —
Ledge: —	Ledge: —	Ledge: —	Ledge: —
Roots:	Roots:	Roots:	Roots:
Restrictive:	Restrictive:	Restrictive:	Restrictive:

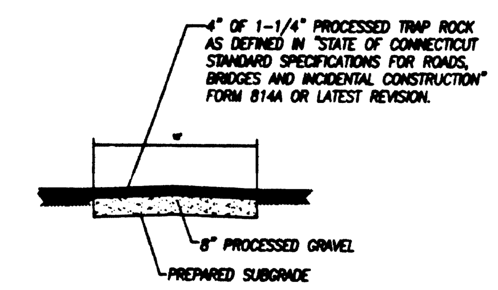
Comments:

Groundwater Table: (Near max, below max, etc.) Below max

Percolation Test Data

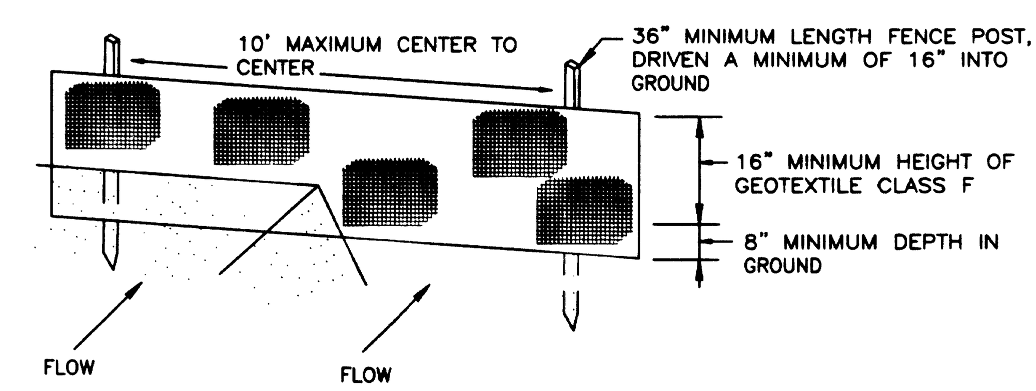
Date: 11-24-09

Perc # 1 Depth: 48"		Perc Rate: Less than 10 min/inch		Perc # Depth:		Perc Rate:	
Presoak time: 10:00 am				Presoak:			
Time	Reading	Time	Reading	Time	Reading	Time	Reading
1:29	10"	1:53	18 ½"				
1:32	11 ½"	1:57	19				
1:35	13"						
1:40	14"						
1:46	16"						
1:49	17 ½"						

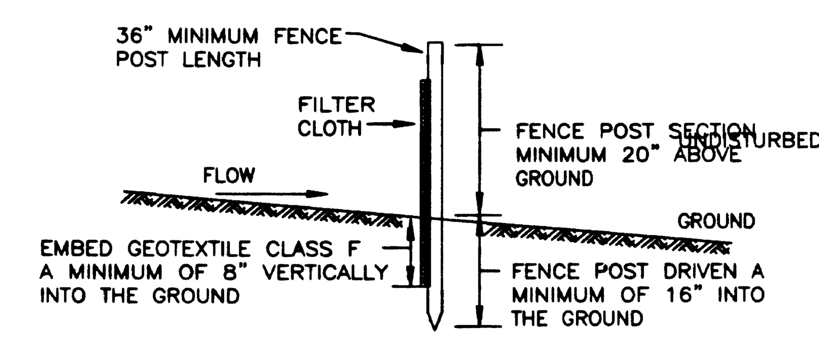


GRAVEL DRIVE WITH
UPROCESSED TRAP ROCK DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

SILT FENCE
NOT TO SCALE

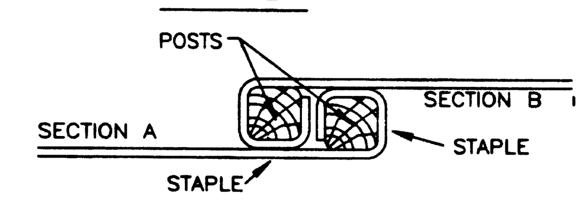


PERSPECTIVE VIEW



CROSS SECTION

TOP VIEW



JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT FENCE SECTIONS

STANDARD SYMBOL
|—— SF ——|

Construction Specifications

1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

Tensile Strength	50 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Tensile Modulus	20 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Flow Rate	0.3 gal ft² / minute (max.)	Test: MSMT 322
Filtering Efficiency	75% (min.)	Test: MSMT 322

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

TEST PIT OBSERVATION 1-13-1987

TEST PIT #6
0-10" TOPSOIL
10-24" LIGHT BROWN FINE SANDY LOAM (BONEY)
24-104" GREY BROWN MED-FINE SAND & GRAVEL
NO LEDGE
NO MOTTLING
WATER @ 92"

TEST PIT #7
0-12" TOPSOIL
12-36" LIGHT BROWN FINE SANDY LOAM (BONEY)
36-108" GREY BROWN MEDIUM SANDY GRAVEL
NO LEDGE
NO MOTTLING
WATER @ 92"

TEST PIT #8
0-12" TOPSOIL
12-36" LIGHT BROWN FINE SANDY LOAM (BONEY)
36-108" GREY BROWN MEDIUM SAND & GRAVEL
NO LEDGE
MOTTLING @48"
WATER @ 66"

PERCOLATION RATE: 6-10 MIN./GAL

LOT-2

SANITARY DESIGN CRITERIA

A. PROPOSED THREE BEDROOM. NO TUBS GREATER THAN 100 GALLONS IN SIZE.

B. 1,000 GALLON TWO COMPARTMENT SEPTIC TANK REQUIRED BY CODE AND PROVIDED.

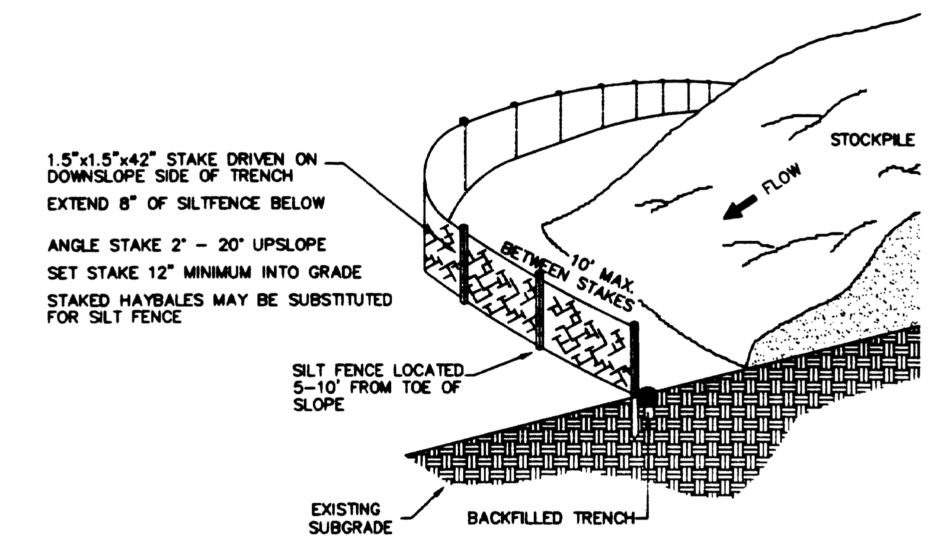
C. DESIGN PERCOLATION RATE: < 10.0 MIN./IN.

D. MINIMUM LEACHING SYSTEM SPREAD
HF = N/A
FF = N/A
PF = N/A
MLSS = N/A

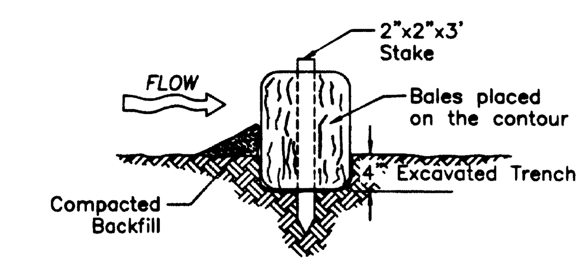
E. EFFECTIVE LEACHING AREA REQUIRED PER CODE: 495 S.F.
12" HIGH BY 48" WIDE LEACHING TRENCH FOR PRIMARY LEACHING SYSTEM DESIGN.
EFFECTIVE LEACHING AREA PROVIDED PER L.F. PER CODE: 3.0 S.F.
MINIMUM LENGTH OF TRENCH REQUIRED: 495 S.F./ 3.0 S.F./L.F.= 165'

G. EFFECTIVE LEACHING AREA PROVIDED:
2-82.5' LONG 48" WIDE LEACHING TRENCHES, 2 X 82.5' X 3.0 S.F./L.F. = 495.S.F.

H. 100% RESERVE AREA REQUIRED AND PROVIDED.
EFFECTIVE LEACHING AREA PROVIDED:
2-82.5' LONG 48" WIDE LEACHING TRENCHES, 2 X 82.5' X 3.0 S.F./L.F. = 495.S.F.



SILT FENCE @ TOE OF SLOPE APPLICATION
NOT TO SCALE



STAKED HAY BALE DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

HAY BALE INSTALLATION

1. Bales shall be placed in a single row, lengthwise, oriented perpendicular to the contour, with ends of adjacent bales tightly abutting one another.

2. Bales shall be entrenched and backfilled. A trench shall be excavated the width of a bale and the length of the proposed barrier to a minimum depth of 4 inches.

3. Each bale shall be securely anchored by at least two (2) stakes.

4. The gaps between bales shall be wedged with straw to prevent water from escaping between the bales.

5. The barrier shall be extended to such a length that the bottoms of the end bales are higher in elevation than the top of the lowest middle bale to assure that sediment laden run-off will flow either through or over the barrier, but not around it.

HAY BALE INSTALLATION

1. Inspection shall be made after each storm event and repair or replacement shall be made promptly as needed.

2. Clean out of accumulated sediment behind the bales is necessary if 1/2 of the original height of the bales becomes filled in with sediment.

Received For Record January 25, 2011 at 11:48am Lisa Terry, Town Clerk

ORIGINAL INK MYLAR MADE BY ERIC SEITZ

APPROVED BY THE TOWN OF MONTVILLE INLAND WETLANDS COMMISSION

CHAIRMAN DATE

STATE OF CONNECTICUT · ERIC SEITZ LAND SURVEYING, INC. · No. 39 · LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR CORPORATION

DETAILS & NOTES SHEET
MAP-037 LOT-021
SUBDIVISION
PREPARED FOR
ROBERT G. MEYER & DIXIE L. MEYER
55 FELLOWS ROAD
MONTVILLE CONNECTICUT
SCALE NTS NOVEMBER 2009
SHEET 3 OF 3

Received for Record at Montville, CT On 01/25/2011 At 11:48:34 am
Lisa Terry
Doc ID: 002228990001 Type: MAP
File 2414
DRAWING NUMBER
DRAWING NUMBER 2414
SAFCO PRODUCTS • NEW HOPE, MINNESOTA REORDER BY PART NUMBER 6552
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